LOUISVILLE DAILY DEMOCRAT.

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Daily Democrat.

TERMS OF THE DAILY DEMOCRAT TO THE COUNTRY.

ONE YEAR.....$6 00
SIX MONTHS.....3 50
ONE MONTH.....60

LOCAL AGENTS WANTED.

We desire to procure the services of a local agent in every Postoffice District in the State. Will our friends act, or procure the services of some efficient person in our behalf? Believing that the circulation of the Democrat may be materially extended, we make this appeal to our friends in its behalf.

UNION CONVENTION!

At a meeting of the Union members of the Legislature, in the House of Representatives, on Monday evening, February 16th, 1863, on motion, Hon. Joseph R. Underwood was called to the Chair, and John B. Bruner, appointed Secretary.

After a free and full consultation, it is recommended to the Union Democracy of Kentucky, that they assemble in Convention, through their delegates, in the city of Louisville, on the 18th day of March next, and nominate suitable persons as candidates to fill the various State offices, to be chosen at the next August election. It is further recommended that the people meet, at some convenient time and place, in their respective counties, and appoint delegates to represent them in the Convention.

J. R. UNDERWOOD, Chairman.
JOHN B. BRUNER, Secretary.

Have we a Representative Man?

Revolutions and great disturbances generally are said to produce extraordinary activity of mind and to be signalized by extraordinary developments of genius. In the political world there is usually one who appears to be the incarnate spirit of the times, who, by his life and actions, typifies the collected will of the many. Our disturbances seem, however, to have produced no such marked character. There is no one in either section who seems to be a representative man. The reason of this may be that the causes of the rebellion were not such as attracted the sympathy of the people, and that their wishes have not yet been expressed. The time has not come, perhaps, for them to be spoken. Upon our side, however, this excuse is not available, as the duty of crushing a causeless rebellion seems undeniable. We have only had a crowd of mediocrities, or, if any genius is to be found, he has been jealously excluded from display.

The only General we have who seems to have fully satisfied expectation is Rosecrans. In him the skill and energy necessary to success, the discipline, yet care, required to secure the affection and confidence of the soldier, and the strict adherence to his duties, are alone to be found. He had what is perhaps equally essential to success, and what is perhaps the consequence of these qualities—the name of a lucky General. His career has been uniformly brilliant. Yet we care not to presume that he has not had to contend with the obstacles which have obstructed the successes of other Generals. After a successful campaign in Western Virginia, which placed him in the highest rank for military merit, and which we took occasion to commend long since as it deserved, he had to learn that kissing goes by favor.

The abolition pressure upon the Administration demanded that the pet of the ultras should have a chance to redeem his reputation; and a mountain department was established, which included the country in which Rosecrans was employed, and over which Gen Fremont assumed command.

By this one of the best, if not the best, soldier in our army was left with his sword idle at the most important time. Whether he objected to being thus superseded and serve under Fremont, or whether a sense of delicacy made the Administration see the injustice of putting him under Fremont, we cannot say. We think it likely he objected. His services were unacknowledged. Politicians were daily made Major Generals, and it seemed for a while that he was to be quietly dropped. Even his own State (Ohio) seemed little interested in him, and he was without friends at court. Several months passed this way, until Pope's removal to Washington gave Rosecrans an opening. All of this time the rebels, with that keenness which a thrashing gives, were fully aware of his ability; and when taunted for not attacking him at Corinth, replied that Rosecrans was not a man to be trifled with.

They did make the attempt, and the country found more victories to add to their list of triumphs. Tardy justice was at length done. The merit of the successful General and his achievements in Western Virginia were acknowledged. The Government had been six months in hearing of those successes. But even this seems to have come in response to a public demand, as the country was amused by a censure from the General, who dug his way in thirty days to Corinth, that Rosecrans was too slow in pursuit of the defeated enemy.

His lack of ostentation, his quiet and unassuming manners, and his want of friends at court, have prevented his name being heralded with the ostentatious glorification of other leaders who have flamed up occasionally, like an expiring candle, to suddenly die in a disagreeable smell.

Of all the officers we have, we think that to Rosecrans belongs the peculiar merit of being the people's General. His signal abilities won their favor, and their favor has rewarded him. Fortunately the politicians never tried to aid him, and the radicals hardly thought him of sufficient importance to injure. He was slightly in the way of Fremont and was superseded, but this arose from no hostility to him, but merely because he was in the way. His removal created no stir at Washington. His appointment to command in Grant's Department gave a quiet satisfaction. Citizens only remarked that it was good.

We do not pretend to say that Rosecrans is the "coming man." Who that mysterious individual is we cannot yet know, but we can say that for gallantry in the field and skill and energy, he now stands unrivaled, the most meritorious officer in the active service. Since McClellan's removal, there is none that can compare with him.

When we turn from the army we look upon a dead level of mediocrities. All our politicians seem like United States muskets—same size, same make, same mounting. Some may load at the breech, and some at the muzzle, but their range is about the same, no matter the direction they are pointed. The quality, however, is inferior. They all fire off by platoons, kick like thunder, but do not hurt anybody particularly. Overload one of them with an original idea, and, we fear, it would burst. It is the same in the South. Intellectually, it appears to be a battle of the pygmies and the cranes. How such a burst as signalized the days of Clay, Webster, Calhoun and Douglas would strike upon the startled ears of the public now! We don't know why this is! Perhaps it is like the grenadier company raised in Lexington a few years ago. The standard was to be five feet eleven inches. The Captain excused his not filling up the ranks very fast, on the grounds that he was waiting for the men to grow. Our great men seem to grow slowly; perhaps the reason for this can be given that the men in Congress were not chosen for the emergency. They gained their places by the petty acts of creating prejudices and arousing the basest passions, and are incapable of rising above that level.

There may be, among the conservatives, some who ought to command the app'anse of people, but circumstances have been unfavorable. Success is the touchstone of merit and is itself sometimes the cause of superiority. They have had little chance to gain this since the war began. Yet we must say, if there is a Clay or a Douglas among them, he has been very successful in retaining his obscurity. If there is a giant-killer in Congress he has certainly been wearing Jack's invisible coat, and the garment has lost none of its qualities by time.

The radicals, however, have no excuse. They have had every opportunity. Like the monkey that climbed the pole, the higher they get the more they have shown.

To think that, with the destinies of the first Empire of the world in their hands, with the lives and fortunes of living millions, and millions yet to come, confided to their care, they have done nothing that would satisfy any one but Diogenes in his tub, and that if that cynic philosopher were to light his candle in daylight, he would bend his steps in any other direction than towards the White House to find an honest man! They make noise enough. They are as thundering as a bull bellowing in an empty barrel—but it is all noise. This Congress, with its pretensions, its squabbles, its large attempts and useless performances, deserves an epitaph, and as it is soon to adjourn, we borrow an old one for its benefit:

Parturiunt montes, nascetur ridiculus *mus*.

UNANIMOUSLY ACQUITTED.—Col. John W. Blake, of the Fortieth regiment Indiana volunteers, who was charged with drunkenness and disobedience of orders, at the battle of Stone river, by his immediate commander, Acting Brigadier General Wagner, and reiterated by his division commander, Brigadier General Hascall, has been unanimously acquitted by a Court of Inquiry, and ordered to duty. The following officers composed the Court:

Brigadier General Chas. Cruft, President.
Col. Stanley Matthews, Fifty first Ohio.
Col. S. G. Harker, Sixty-fifth Ohio.
Col. Alex. Christopher, Sixth Ohio.
Col. Young, Twenty-sixth Ohio.
Col. Waterman, One Hundredth Illinois.
Lieut. Col. Lyne Starling, Assistant Adjutant General and Chief of Staff to Major General Crittenden, Judge Advocate.

Col. Blake was subsequently ordered to report to Camp Chase, Ohio, as a paroled prisoner, to await a proper exchange.

☞According to the new United States Bank bill, one-half of its capital of $300,000,000 is to be divided among the States and Territories according to representative population, and the other half according to existing bank capital and business. By this arrangement the little New England States, that have already a large surplus of bank capital, get a great deal more, while the great Western States, that have never had enough bank capital to keep the rate of interest below usurious rates, get comparatively very little. The thing works beautifully, as will be seen by comparing the little State of Rhode Island with the great State of Ohio. Rhody gets under this part of the arrangement $7,453,000, and Ohio $2,022,000! This was probably done to carry out the doctrine: "To him that hath shall be given," &c.

☞It appears by yesterday's dispatches from Washington that the Administration has determined to carry through Congress a finance measure authorizing loans to the amount of about $1,000,000,000, in the shape of bonds, treasury notes bearing interest, and treasury notes without interest, in sundry forms, and with devices as various and fanciful as the fancy of the Secretary of the Treasury may dictate. This alone shows the utter hypocrisy of the pretense that the United States Bank bill was necessary to enable the Government to carry on the war, as well as the other pretense that it was necessary to the establishment of a uniform and better currency. What wonder is it, when there is such wretched management of the finances, that the hearts of true patriots sink within them?

☞In the new United States Bank bill, which has passed both Houses of Congress, not one word is said about specie payments. The issues of these banks are made lawful currency of the United States, receivable for public dues, &c., and the branches are required to redeem their issues "in lawful currency of the United States." The holder of these notes can only get his pay in kind! No wonder gold goes up!

☞We appeal to the Democrats of the Northern States not to allow their disgust for the imbecile and wretched Administration at Washington to lead them into hostility to measures necessary to the salvation of the Government. As things now are, we are satisfied that the only way to secure an honorable peace is to fight for it.

☞The burning of the mules that were on the freight train which the rebels destroyed on Thursday morning, near Woodburn, was certainly an outrage too utterly despicable for comment. It was as deplorable in view of the suffering inflicted upon the poor, helpless animals as it was disgraceful to the wretches who perpetrated the crime.

☞On Wednesday there was an immense and enthusiastic Union meeting in Indianapolis, which was addressed lengthily by Hon. Andrew Johnson. The Governor took unconditional ground for the Union and in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the war.

☞Gov. Johnson, of Tennessee, will address the Legislature of Ohio on Monday next.

NOTICE TO THE JOURNAL.—Yes, sir-ee; that horse is sixteen feet high!

A RIDE IN A STEAM CARRIAGE.—Mr. Sylvester H. Roper, of Roxbury, Massachusetts, has invented and completed a steam carriage, which, according to report, subserves the ends for which it was made. A recent trial of this innovation upon the "old style" was very successful. It passed through Boston, and, meeting a car on the horse railroad, turned off from the track, and went around the car, with as much ease as if drawn by a horse. On a smooth road or on the rail, with sixty pounds of steam (the usual amount), the carriage can be run at the rate of twenty miles per hour. The weight of the carriage is six hundred and fifty pounds.

☞Lucille Western has filed a bill under the National copy right law, in the Baltimore courts, against George Knukel, theatrical manager, and Samuel E. Ryan and Kate Denin Ryan, his wife, for an injunction restraining the defendants from performing the play of "East Lynne," dramatized by C. W. Taylenre, Esq., and purchased by complainant; and also for damages.

The Last Fight at Fort Donelson—A Reliable Account.

[Correspondence of the Louisville Democrat.]
FORT DONELSON, Feb. 13, 1863.

Messrs. Editors: I have just made a visit around the fort, and have never seen any fortification on as grand a scale. I cannot see how our troops ever forced an entrance into this place. At a glance any one would suppose it would take at least 200,000 troops to support all the points, with the outposts adjacent, to fully protect the whole works from a formidable attack by a heavy force. To say nothing of the brilliant victory of our arms in February last, the battle that has just taken place I consider one of the most brilliant of the whole war. The situation of the ground around the fort is a regular circle, with a crest of a high ridge covering an area of about three miles, which overlooks the entire ground within; and from the information I have gained, the enemy, about 7,000 strong, marched up on this ridge and took possession of this crest, surrounding our little forlorn hope of an army of 700, cutting off every possible retreat. The enemy, confident of success, made a general charge on Colonel Harding. In command, Lieutenant Colonel Smith and Maj. Brott, who, with their little band, decided, from the first appearance of the enemy, to conquer or die. When the enemy demanded the surrender of the place, Col Harding replied: "Tell your commander we will never surrender. We will take the consequences." On the return of the flag with this message, they made a grand charge, opening three batteries on the fort at three different points, so as to make a complete cross fire on Col. Harding. Then commenced one of the bloodiest battles of the war, considering the forces engaged. Near the Courthouse our little army had a small intrenchment in a circle of about twenty feet, in which they had a 32-pounder. The rebels charged up to them within pistol shot, and drew out their pistols, saying: "Surrender! We have your gun." The gunner very boldly replied: "You have the wrong end of it!" and fired. Such a scene of slaughter ensued as we had never before witnessed. Col. Harding, taking advantage of the moment, cried out, "Now for the trenches, boys!" The little band hurrah'd, and made a dash for their intrenchments. The rebels taking it for a charge, commenced a precipitate retreat in utter confusion. During this whole time the enemy's batteries had been playing on our forces, and we had kept up a skirmishing fight with them in every ravine, and almost every house in the place was riddled by ball and shell. One house, in which the rebels took shelter, had, I think, over a hundred shots in it, and the blood and brains scattered around unmistakably evidenced several deaths from our sharp-shooters. No pen can describe the valor of our arms in this affair of seven hours, with 700 men opposing a force of veterans, under Forrest, Wheeler and Wharton. By dark the rout was complete, leaving Col Harding, Smith and Brott in complete possession of their little fort. The officers report burying 110 of the rebels, and the neighbors report from 125 to 140 buried by the rebels themselves. We took about fifty prisoners, some very badly wounded. Our little band lost ten killed at the time, three have since died, and some ten or twelve wounded. You may take the whole war, and if there has been a greater victory won by any commander I have never seen the least account of it. If any man desires promotion, here is where justice would claim it. I am no correspondent, and have simply stated facts as they occurred, without adding any colors.

Col. Harding is fortifying a position on a piece of high ground, just below town, which will be complete in a few days, and, when completed, he will defy, with his noble band, any forces the enemy can bring. B. J. C.

[We have the pleasure of subjoining to the interesting letter of our correspondent, the official report of Col. Lowe.—EDS.]

OFFICIAL REPORT OF THE LAST BATTLE AT FORT DONELSON.

HEADQUARTERS U. S. FORCES, FORTS HENRY, HERMAN AND DONELSON, February 6th, 1863.

Colonel: I desire to express to you, and through you to the officers and soldiers of your command, my warmest thanks for gallant behavior during the action of the 31 inst. Attacked by a determined enemy, outnumbering your own little band of heroes as seven to one, nothing short of the most determined bravery on the part of every officer and soldier could have saved you from utter annihilation. As it is, your victory is complete, and this, too, with such fearful odds against you, that I consider this case without a parallel in the record of this rebellion. Your troops were mostly new and untried. Some of them never before having been under fire. You numbered less than 800. The enemy counted their forces by thousands, and they were reckoned veterans, unaccustomed to defeat. Their loss was so great that every individual soldier of your command may safely claim to have *made his mark*. Where all did their whole duty fearlessly and nobly, to mention names might be to do injustice; but I feel assured that no one will feel his services the less appreciated if I mention for conspicuous bravery such names as Lieut. Col. Smith, Maj. Brott, and Adj. Casey, of the Eighty-third, and Lieuts. Moore and McIntire, of Flood's battery. In truth, all are alike entitled to share in the laurels of this most brilliant achievement. By it another bright page has been added to the honorable war record of Illinois.

I am, Colonel, your obedient servant,
W. W. LOWE, Col. Commanding.

To Col. A. C. Harding, Commanding Fort Donelson.

From the Army of the Cumberland.

[Correspondence of the Louisville Democrat.]
NEAR MURFREESBORO, TENN., February 21, 1863.

Messrs. Editors: As this is a rainy day in camp, and I have nothing to do, I have thought that I might while away an hour or two by writing you a few lines to inform you of the whereabouts of the Fourth Regiment Kentucky Cavalry, and that they have at last got back on the old stamping ground, where the boys have been longing to be for months past; yes, they are where they feel and know that they are under the ever-watchful and faithful eyes of Generals Rosecrans and Stanley. But permit me to say, before proceeding further, that all news is contraband; consequently I can't send you any this time. I suppose, however, that it would not be unlawful for me to give you some items in regard to our march from Bowlinggreen, Kentucky, to this place. It was raining when we left Bowlinggreen, and the mud was on an average, I should think, about four inches deep, and rising at a fearful rate, and by the time we reached the "City of Rocks," the principal streets were navigable for pretty good sized boats, and the pike leading from Nashville to Murfreesboro was just barely passable for our horses, mules and wagons, but not for cows, for I saw one in the middle of the road, tight and fast in the *mud*. You can form a pretty good idea of the condition of the roads, when I tell you that we were three days coming from Nashville here, a distance of thirty miles, and we marched steady all the time. Well, as I have said, we arrived here all O. K., and are just like all the other soldiers here, "*stuck* in the *mud*," and if the "*rebs*" want us, "they must come and get us—if they can." But General Rosecrans has his soldiers in splendid fighting trim, notwithstanding all the disadvantages and in spite of all the mud and rain, and it the roads should dry up you may expect to hear of a foot-race or a fight; that is, if it would not be contraband news.

Murfreesboro is almost deserted by its inhabitants; indeed, it is but seldom that you see any but a soldier in the streets, and what civilians have remained are in a state of starvation, if we are to judge from the scarceness of all provisions and the exorbitant prices of all articles for sale. But our army, as I have said, are in a good condition, and have plenty of rations. The only trouble we have is in getting forage for our stock. We have to forage for it all, at a distance of fifteen or twenty miles, and even then it's not very plenty. But, after all, I am not so sure but it is an advantage; for our men go out and almost every time get a sight of the butternuts and a chance to try their *pieces* and see the *Secesh skedaddle*. This tends to drive away the dull monotony of camp life, and cause them to forget for the time the loved ones at home, and the many hardships and privations that a soldier has to endure. But to talk or write of these things almost makes me some-sick, and lest I write something that I should not, I will stop for the present, and should the blockade on *correspondents* be raised, you will hear again from Yrs.

☞On the 19th, Mr. Alf. Burnett, of the General Buell, gave to the passengers a melange of comic and pathetic recitations, which delighted them so that a collection was taken up, amounting to $25 37, which was donated to the Ladies' Soldiers' Aid Society.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF COMMON COUNCIL.

THURSDAY EVENING, Feb. 26, 1863.

Present—All except President Kay and Messrs. Herbert, Crowe, Cromey, and Story. J. M. Armstrong, was chosen President *pro tem*.

The reading of the journal of the previous session was dispensed with.

A message was read from the Mayor, transmitting a draft of "an ordinance to prevent obstructions to streets, lanes, alleys and sidewalks," which was read once, rule suspended and passed.

A message was read from the Mayor, recommending the passage of ordinances to improve the sidewalks between First and Eleventh streets, Main and the river, which was referred to Committees on Streets.

A message was read from the Mayor, transmitting a statement from the Auditor of the account of the City and Memphis branch railroad, which was referred to Finance Committee.

A claim of $1,500, in favor of R. J. Elliott, for attending to suits in Court of Appeals, was referred to Finance Committee.

The non-resident and sales lists of Jas. B. Gregory, City Tax Collector, E. D., and of B. F. Moore, Railroad Tax Collector, E. D., were presented and referred to Finance Committee.

The annual report of J. M. Boggs, Marketmaster of houses Nos. 1 and 2, was read and referred to Committee on Public Works.

The opinion of Wm. S. Bodley, Assistant Attorney, on the claim of Jacob's heirs, was read and referred to Finance Committee.

Mr. Tomppert presented a petition therefor and a resolution allowing C. Schultheis and D. Shafer to place stepping-stones in front of their stores, at their expense, which was adopted.

Mr. Tucker presented a petition therefor and a resolution granting permission to erect hay-scales on Market, between Preston and Jackson streets, to be located by the City Engineer, which was adopted.

Mr. Lightburn, from Finance Committee, was discharged from the petition of Mrs. Jane Dobbin to reduce her taxes.

Mr. Lightburn, from same, asked that the claim of $1,000, in favor of C. M. Thurston, be referred to the Mayor and Assistant City Attorney, which was so referred.

Mr. Lightburn, from same, presented the report of C. Elliott, back Tax Collector, Eastern District, and the Auditor's report for January, 1863, which were severally filed.

CLAIMS ALLOWED.

Sheriff of Jefferson county, $70, to pay judgment.

Hogan & Escott, $7 06, for glass furnished Courthouse.

F. A. Kaye, $1 78, for witness fees.

J. M. Summers, $40 66, for new pump at Walnut and Jackson streets.

J. M. Summers, $111 65, for repairs to pumps for January, 1863.

J. D. Selvage, $2,626 91, balance due for bowldering Market street.

J. O. Salisbury, $261 67, for repairs to pumps December and January.

Street hands, Western District, $272 85, from 5th to 19th February, 1863.

Gusnell & Scott, $14 35, for ice to Hospital in August, 1863.

W. K. Thomas, $250, for keeping Watchhouse one quarter.

John Gay, $300, for work on Second-street sewer.

Street hands, Eastern District, $425 86, for work from 12th to 25th of February.

Mr. Lightburn, from Finance Committee, reported the bonds of C. Elliott, Back Tax Collector, Eastern District, and of Wm. Kaye, as Back Tax Collector, Western District, which were severally approved.

A resolution from the Board of Aldermen, raising a joint session at the next meeting of the Council, at eight o'clock, to elect Policemen, a City Engineer and Assistant City Attorney, was amended by striking out Policemen, and adopted as amended, and the Police clause was referred to Police Committee.

Mr. Tomppert, from Street Committee, Eastern District, reported a resolution from the Board of Aldermen to condemn the bed of Beargrass Creek, which was amended and adopted.

Mr. Tomppert, from same, reported a resolution directing the Mayor to enforce the ordinance to grade and pave the sidewalk on the west side of Shelby street, between Main and Market.

Mr. Tomppert, from same, reported a resolution from the Board of Aldermen, granting time until June next, to C. Obst, to pave the sidewalks in front of Dr. J. C. Johnston's property, at Floyd and Green streets, which was tabled.

Mr. Grainger reported a resolution for stepping stones on the north side of Green street, at Fourth, which was adopted.

Mr. Grainger reported a resolution directing the Mayor to enforce the ordinance to grade and pave the sidewalk on the west side of Twelfth street, between Main and Monroe, which was adopted.

Mr. Grainger, from Street Committee, Western District, reported an ordinance from the Board of Aldermen, to grade and pave the sidewalk on the south side of Breckinridge street, between Third and Fourth, which was read a second time and passed by the following vote:

Yeas—Messrs. Shaw, Armstrong, Baxter, Lightburn, Earick, Grainger, Guy, Irvine, Jefferson, Rubel, Spaulding, Tomppert, Tucker and Twyman—14.

Nays—None.

Mr. Tomppert reported a resolution for stepping stones across the alley on the east side of Preston street, between Jefferson and Green, which was adopted.

Mr. Tucker, from Committee on Taverns and Groceries, Eastern District, reported a resolution of this Board, granting J. Cawine & Co. coffeehouse license, with an amendment from the Board of Aldermen, granting tavern license; which amendment was rejected by the following vote:

Yeas—Messrs. Shaw, Grainger, Guy, Rubel, Tomppert, Tucker and Twyman—7.

Nays—Messrs. Armstrong, Baxter, Lightburn, Earick, Irvine, Jefferson and Spaulding—7.

Mr. Tucker, from same, reported a resolution granting John Seusbach a beerhouse license, on Preston street, between Market and Jefferson, which was adopted.

Mr. Earick, from Committee on Taverns and Groceries of the Western District, reported separate resolutions granting the following licences, which were severally adopted, viz:

Christian Frank, beerhouse corner of Main and Fifteenth streets.

Charles Arhegust, coffeehouse on Fourth street, between Main and Market.

Wm. Armstrong, coffeehouse corner of Main and Twelfth streets.

John Fortemann, coffeehouse on Third street, between Main and Water.

Frank Ferris, coffeehouse on Water street, between Third and Fourth.

S Deshon, coffeehouse on Market street, between Sixth and Seventh.

Francis Bron, coffeehouse on Green street, between Third and Fourth.

John Spaulding, coffeehouse on Fifth street, between Main and Water.

Louis Langoff, coffeehouse on Twelfth street, between Main and Market.

J. J. Flattig, beerhouse on Fifth street, between Market and Jefferson.

Geo. Kebler, beerhouse on Twelfth street, between Main and Market.

W. P. Shepherd, transfer of E. E. Esterle's coffeehouse.

Timothy Boeling, transfer of Sarah Burch's coffeehouse.

John D. Gieske, transfer of M Langel's coffeehouse.

Hall & Harris, tavern corner of Fourth and Jefferson streets.

Daniel McSweeney, tavern on Market street, between Fifth and Sixth.

Gus. Langmuller, tavern on Water street, between Third and Fourth.

Jacob Hunckler, tavern on Prather street, between Ninth and Tenth.

C. M. Metcalf, transfer of T. A Harrow's tavern license.

Jos. Wolfe, transfer of J. Steadly's tavern license.

Henry Seekamp & Co., coffeehouse corner of Sixth street and Court Place.

Langan & Fitzpatrick, coffeehouse on Market street, between Fifth and Sixth.

Phil. Brockheimer, coffeehouse on Third street, between Market and Jefferson.

H. Huebner, coffeehouse on Market street, between Third and Fourth.

W. H. Newhall, coffeehouse in Portland.

Fred. Duckwall, coffeehouse in Portland.

Fred. Hauk & Co, coffeehouse on Sixth street, between Main and Market.

Chas. Popp, coffeehouse on Third street, between Main and Water.

Wm. Goepper, tavern on Market street, between Fifth and Sixth.

Mr. Irvine reported a resolution directing the Engineer to examine the city and Strader wharves, and report the needed repairs and cost, which was adopted.

Mr. Earick reported a resolution directing the Mayor to lease to E. McIlarry the Portland ferry privilege for five years, at $100 per year, she to keep the wharf in repair, which was adopted.

Mr. Armstrong presented a preamble and resolutions requesting Hon. R. Mallory to urge an appropriation by the General Government of $5,000 to pay damages to our streets by reason of the hauling of Government wagons, which was adopted by the following vote:

Yeas—Messrs. Shaw, Armstrong, Baxter, Lightburn, Earick, Irvine, Rubel, Tomppert, Tucker, and Twyman—10.

Nays—Messrs. Grainger, Guy, Jefferson, and Spaulding—4.

A resolution from the Board of Aldermen, allowing John Kegan $30 50 for street work, was referred to Street Committee, Western District.

A resolution from the Board of Aldermen, raising a committee of two from the Board of Aldermen and three from the Common Council to arrange with the Jeffersonville Railroad Company upon terms for the surrender or transfer of the $200 000 of stock of the city in said Company, the same to be submitted for the approval of the Council, was adopted, and Messrs. Lightburn, Baxter and Tucker were appointed said Committee.

A resolution from the Board of Aldermen, allowing Thos. Williams & Co. $338 47, for work in Courthouse, was referred to Committee on Public Works.

A resolution from the Board of Aldermen, allowing Prentice, Henderson & Osborne $187 50, for public printing, was referred to Committee on Public Printing.

A resolution from the Board of Aldermen, approving the map of property lines on First street, from Water street to the wharf, as reported by the Engineer, was referred to Street Committees.

Separate resolutions from the Board of Aldermen, directing sundry stepping stones, were referred to Committees on Streets.

A resolution from the Board of Aldermen requesting the Legislature to so amend the city charter as to give to policemen a final trial before the Board of Aldermen, was adopted.

A resolution to adjourn until Thursday evening, March 5th, 1863, at 7¼ o'clock, was adopted, when the Board adjourned.

J. M. VAUGHAN, Clerk.

Destitution in Mobile — Starvation Prices and Scarcity Everywhere.

The New Orleans correspondent of the Boston Traveller, writing on the 8th inst, gives the following in reference to the condition of things in Mobile, gathered from a lady, who, with her daughters, was recently driven from the city:

Soap of poor quality was selling at $1 75 per pound, or $7 per bar. Matches, fifty in a box, about half of which could be ignited, 25 cents per box. Flour, poor quality, sour, and with plenty of worms in it, $50 a barrel. Tea $15 per pound, poor at that. Corn meal $3 per bushel. Butter of the poorest quality $1 75 per pound. Black pepper is not to be had at any price. Sugar, brown, 65 cents per pound. Coffee $3 50 per pound. Salt 65 cents per pound, or $90 a sack. Coats' spool cotton thread $1 25 per spool. Home-spun ladies' dress goods $2 50 per yard. Men's boots $35 to $50. Ladies' sleeves $25 per pair. No lamp wicking was to be had in Mobile, and the poorest kind of tallow candles cost 30 cents apiece. Flannels, poor quality, such as formerly retailed for 60 cents a yard, now sell for $10.

School books commanded, like everything else, the most exorbitant prices. A second-hand, small sized geography sells for $2 50. Lard is $1 per pound, and bacon of poor quality, 75 cents. To show how desperate a state the inhabitants are driven to, it is only necessary to state that two quartermasters, who had, like some of our patriotic, self-increasing, alias sacrificing, officers in that department, 'made a good thing,' sent five thousand pounds of damaged bacon from Fort Morgan and Fort Gaines to some soapboilers, to be made into soap. The soapboilers cut off all the fat and sold the tainted meat for 35 cents a pound, and the people were glad to get it at that price. A pair of infant's shoes, $5 Kerosene oil, poor quality, $20 per gallon. Even the families who, in peace times, were considered rich, have been compelled to make their own shoes. Miserable old second-hand straw mattresses, patched with every imaginable color of cloth, and in the most unimaginable forms, sold for $7 50 apiece by the dozen, for soldiers' use in the hospital.

The newspapers were advertising for old envelopes and paper, offering the highest premium for them. There is scarcely any paper in the State of Alabama, and in Mobile nothing is wrapped in paper by the storekeepers, purchasers being compelled to carry baskets and towels to envelope their purchases.

AN INFERNAL MACHINE.—One of the most exciting criminal cases that ever transpired in this country has just been "worked up" by the officers of the law:

In December, 1862, a box was forwarded from North Adams, Mass., to New York, and from thence to Chicago, Ill., directed to a Mr. Whipple, of that city. As he was absent from the town when the box arrived, it remained in the express office for two weeks unnoticed and unopened. Mr. Whipple returned to Chicago and suspected that something was wrong about this mysterious box, which was about fifteen inches long, fourteen wide and ten high, enveloped in thick wrapping paper, tied with a cord, while on its front side was a board, three quarters of an inch thick, covering the key-hole and fastened by a screw in each corner.

Between Mr. Whipple, to whom the box was addressed, and Nehemiah Hodge, of North Adams, a feeling of enmity had for a long time existed.

The mysterious box having been placed in the custody of the person to whom it was addressed, C. P. Bradley, chief of police of Chicago, was consulted. He became satisfied that it contained an infernal machine. In order to open it he effected an ingenious mechanical arrangement. The box was placed between ledges of rocks—a wedge was inserted in the cover, and a fifty-six pound weight was suspended over it, held by a rope over two hundred feet long. Down came the weight, and as it struck the box an explosion followed that was heard for the distance of many miles. The box proved to have contained about fifteen pounds of powder. On the inside of the cover a spiral spring had been so arranged as to release a hammer and strike a percussion cap at the moment the box was opened. There was no possibility of a failure in the murderous engine if an attempt was made to open it in the usual manner. Death was a certainty to every person in the vicinity of this terrible machine.

Mr. Hodge was arrested a few day ago and is now imprisoned at Chicago, where his trial will soon take place, an indictment having been found against him charging him with having sent the machine with intent to kill.

The Queen of the West—Rebel Statement.

The Missouri Democrat, of the 26th inst., contains the following:

PORT HUDSON, Feb. 18

The Alexandria (La.) Democrat extra, received here, contains the official report of Capt. Kelsey, commanding the fortifications on Red river. He says two gunboats made their appearance in front of this position at five o'clock last evening. After a brisk cannonade, the leading gunboat, Queen of the West, struck her colors.

I immediately ordered Capt. Hutton to go aboard and demand her surrender. This officer reported but thirteen, officers and crew, aboard, the others having escaped under cover of the night.

The visible results of the capture consist of one 12-pounder rifled Parrott gun, one 14-pounder, three 12-pounders, one 12 pounder slightly damaged, besides a large quantity of ordnance stores and quinine, two cases of amputating instruments, clothing, bacon, beef, pork, hard bread and other stores in proportion. The Democrat says the victory was complete, grand and decided.

THE DEFENSES OF CHARLESTON—FORTS MOULTRIE AND SUMPTER CERTAINLY IRONCLAD.—A letter from the blockading squadron off Charleston, just received in Boston, says that from observation with powerful glasses and the statements of deserters it is evident that Charleston is strongly fortified. There is no doubt that Fort Moultrie, as well as Fort Sumpter, is iron-clad, and that the rebels have a considerable number of very powerful guns in position. Still, if no accidents happen to our iron-clads (and a number will be kept in reserve to meet emergencies), the Admiral in command (Dupont) is confident that he shall be able to capture the city. The land troops at Charleston consist mainly of conscripts, who would not probably make a very stout resistance to our march onward in case the city should be captured. When the letter was written it was not known when the assault would be made.

THE SEYMOURS.—The following facts form a somewhat singular coincidence: In the fall of 1859, Horatio Seymour, Democrat, was elected Governor of this State, and in the following spring Thomas H. Seymour, Democrat, was chosen Governor of Connecticut. Last fall Horatio Seymour, after a lapse of ten years, was elected a second time Governor of New York, and Thomas H. Seymour again follows as the Democratic candidate for the Executive Chair of Connecticut.—[Buffalo Commercial Advertiser, (Republican).

The singularity of the coincidence will be still further increased by the election of the Connecticut Seymour as Governor in April.

THE ARMY IN ARKANSAS.

Operations in Yazoo Pass—General Prentiss in Command—His Thorough Discipline.

The correspondent of the Missouri Democrat, writing from Helena, Arkansas, on the 17th inst., says:

HELENA, ARK., Feb. 17, 1863.

You have probably been advised that General Gorman caused an opening to be made from the Mississippi to the Yazoo Pass some time since. This "pass" connects with the Coldwater, which is known to connect with the Yazoo (though it does not on the maps), as we found several boats on it when we made our expedition to Grenada, which must have come up the Yazoo.

The high water of the Mississippi has been pouring through in immense volume, flooding the entire country, and the "pass" is now navigable for steamers. General Gorman entered and proceeded for some distance, till further progress was arrested by fallen trees. On his return General Washburn was sent with a force and pioneers to open the way. He has been gone some days, and at last accounts was within half a mile of Coldwater. Several parties of rebels had been seen, but no fighting had occurred. The rebels had felled some fifty or sixty large trees near the junction with the Coldwater, to obstruct the passage, which were being rapidly cut away by our boys. Rumor has it that the rebels are fortifying on the Coldwater, and as the 24th and 28th Iowa, and 43d Indiana regiments were ordered down the "pass" yesterday, there may be something in it. Gunboats are kept patrolling the pass to keep it open, and there is strong probability that the road will soon be open to attack Vicksburg in the rear, as a landing can then be effected above the batteries on the Yazoo.

Gen. Prentiss has taken command of this district, which has been transferred from the Department of the Missouri to the Department of the Tennessee. Everybody is delighted with the change, except the cotton-buyers, whisky sellers, secesh and horse-thieves—the change in commanders, I mean. Gen. Prentiss labors under great disadvantage, on account of being so long a prisoner in the hands of the secesh. All of that time he was in the dark as to the policy of the Government, and knew but little of the multitudinous "General Orders" issued by the War Department, and other departments, whereby the conduct of commanders are materially changed, and consequently he steps cautiously, but firmly. He has turned over all the troops to Gen. Gorman, and is assiduously devoting his attention to the correction of such abuses as have been permitted heretofore to go unchecked.

From Vicksburg—Interesting Items.

The Vicksburg correspondent of the Missouri Democrat, writing on the 19th instant, gives the following items of news:

THE CANALS.

The canal across the cape, directly opposite Vicksburg, is being hurried on to completion. The work has, however, been retarded for the last four days by continued and very heavy falls of rain.

The new canal, when it is completed—which, under favorable circumstances, will be in ten or fifteen days—will be sixty feet wide and one and a quarter miles long, and deep enough to admit the passage of our fleet. The mouth of the canal, on the lower side of the town, is within range of one of the enemy's batteries, of which they remind us by an occasional shot or shell, but as yet they have not been able to interrupt the work or kill or wound a single man.

Another canal is being made at Lake Providence, which, when completed, will afford a passage from the Mississippi to the headwaters of the Red river. The excavation will be slight, and should the project be successful, it will enable us to command a vast scope of country and immense resources. The enemy has shown a disposition to dispute our passage in that direction, and a skirmish took place a few days ago between our cavalry and a force of mounted rebels, which resulted in the Confederates being completely routed.

A canal has already been made to connect the Mississippi river with the Yazoo. The mouth of Yazoo, which is only twelve miles above Vicksburg, is well guarded by our gunboats, and we have reliable information here that three gunboats (one an ironclad) have passed the Delta, and are now removing obstructions from the channel, which is to lead them to a position in the rear of Vicksburg.

Gen. Grant, than whom there is no braver man, is displaying a degree of skill and energy equaled only by his courage and daring. The energy and perseverance with which he is carrying out his canal projects leaves no room to doubt that he can plan as well as execute.

CONTRABANDS.

Contrabands are constantly coming within our lines. They come to us destitute of everything—escaping for their lives—willing to work or to fight. Many intelligent officers are of the opinion that, if authority were given to organize negro regiments, a negro brigade could be organized in less than thirty days.

SANITARY CONDITION OF THE ARMY.

There has been, and still is, a great deal of sickness among our troops. A large proportion of our officers and surgeons are unfit for duty. This is attributed mainly to the fact that when our troops came down on their first expedition they were confined for a great length of time on transport boats, without proper facilities for cooking. Besides the diseases usually found in camps, smallpox and scurvy are prevailing to some extent. Sanitary agents are here with goods and edibles, doing all they can for the sick.

CONTRABAND TRADE.

General Grant has issued the most stringent orders against the sale of spirituous liquors, and the carrying on of contraband trade. Cotton speculators, who have ever been the curse of our advancing army, are all turned back by this order. Instead of our brave men being employed to load and cart cotton for the benefit of unprincipled speculators and mercenary army officers, many of whom would sell their interest in their country for a few bales of cotton, they

Daily Democrat.

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W. E. HUGHES, State Printer.

SATURDAY, FEB. 28, 1863.

Closing and Arrival of the Mails at the Louisville Postoffice.

Eastern, Western and Northern closes at 12:00 M., and arrives at 12:00 M.

Southern Kentucky, via L. & N. R.R., (small offices close at 9:00 P. M. the previous evening), closes at 6:30 A. M., and arrives at 5:00 P. M.

Mailboat to Cincinnati, Ohio, closes at 9:00 A. M., and arrives at 6:00 A. M.

L. & F. R.R. closes at 12:00 at night and 1:00 P. M., and arrives at 11:05 A. M. and 6:30 P. M.

Shelbyville closes at 12:00 at night, and arrives at 6:00 A. M.

Lebanon R.R. closes at 12:00 at night, and arrives at 6:00 P. M.

Bardstown R.R. closes at 2:00 P. M., and arrives at 9:30 P. M.

Shawneetown Stage (tri-weekly) closes at 12:00 at night, and arrives at 6:00 P. M.

Henderson and River (tri-weekly) leaves Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 1:00 P. M., and arrives at 9:00 A. M.

Taylorsville Stage closes at 8:00 A. M., and arrives at 4:30 P. M.

☞On routes where the principal mails close at 12:00 at night, the way mails close at 9:00 P. M.

REMOVAL.

The LOUISVILLE DEMOCRAT OFFICE has been established on the South side of Green street, one door from the Customhouse, on the square between Third and Fourth streets, in the building formerly occupied by the Louisville Courier.

CITY NEWS.

Military Directory.

Brigadier General Boyle, commanding District of Western Kentucky. Headquarters on Seventh street, between Chestnut and Broadway. Orderly hours for officers, 9 A. M.; for citizens, 11 A. M. to 2 P. M.

Military business of urgent importance only will be transacted on Sundays, for which purpose Headquarters will be open until 12 M.

Capt. Julius Fosses, Assistant Inspector-General of Cavalry—Office No. 741 Sixth street, between Chestnut and Broadway.

Col. Marc Mundy, commanding post—Office on Center street, between Jefferson and Green.

Quartermaster's Office—Green street, two doors above Third.

Capt. H. C. Symonds, Commissary of Subsistence—office on Second street, below Galt House.

Dr. J. F. Head, Medical Director—office on Walnut street, between Fourth and Fifth.

Lieut.-Col. Selby Harney, Provost Marshal—Office on Green street, between Fifth and Center.

Lieutenant Edson, Ordnance Officer—Seventh and Main streets.

Post Commissary, under charge of Mr. James C. Savage, Main street, between First and Second.

Capt. W. F. Harris, Assistant Quartermaster (in charge of transportation)—office on Main street, between First and Brook.

Captain Bull, military storekeeper—Main street, between First and Brook.

Paymaster's Office—corner of Third and Walnut streets.

United States Depository—over the Postoffice.

Lieutenant Smyser, Ordnance Office, Main street, between Seventh and Eighth.

General Hospitals in Louisville.

No. 1—Corner of Ninth and Broadway streets.
No. 2—Prison Hospital, corner of Tenth and Broadway.
No. 3—Sixth street, between Walnut and Chestnut.
No. 4—Corner of Fifteenth and Main streets.
No. 5—For Eruptive Diseases, Bardstown turnpike.
No. 6—Green street, between Fifth and Center.
No. 7—On a hill east of Park Barracks.
No. 8—Fifth street, between Broadway and York.
No. 9—Corner of Market and Wenzel streets.
No. 10—Walnut street, between Jackson and Hancock.
No. 11—Corner of Chestnut and Floyd, and City Hospital.
No. 12—Corner of Magazine and Ninth streets.
No. 13—Corner of Green and Thirteenth street.
No. 14—Corner of Brook street and Broadway (for officers).
No. 15—Griffin House, Newburg pike.
No. 16—Waltham's stores, Jeffersonville, Ind.
No. 17—Blind Asylum, Shelbyville turnpike.
No. 18—Turner's Hall, Jefferson street.
No. 19—Johnson House, between the Bardstown and Newburg turnpikes.
No. 21—On Marshall street, between Campbell and Wenzel.

JOB PRINTING.

The JOB DEPARTMENT in the Democrat Office is now ready for all kinds of printing. Bills, Circulars, Cards, Posters, &c., printed at the shortest possible notice, and at prices to suit the times.

News From Below—More From Woodburn.

The news of the raid at Woodburn as published in the morning papers was erroneous in several particulars. The mischief was done by about fifteen men. They did not drive off the mules, but burnt them up in the cars. Many of them were burnt to death, others crisped and burnt: some with their eyes burnt out, still alive, crying piteously in their pain. As far as they could they stole the goods on the train.

The impression exists that it was the work of men in the neighborhood of Woodburn, traitors to the country.

The trains all left as usual yesterday, and thus far everything is quiet along the road.

News From Lexington and Beyond.

The passenger train from Frankfort arrived on time last evening, the train from Lexington having made the connection promptly with it, bringing the regular mails. Everything at Lexington was quiet yesterday, and business was fully resumed. We learn that Col. Gilbert telegraphed to Gov. Robinson that there were no rebels on the north side of the Kentucky river, and that the Federal forces would return to their posts from whence they started in pursuit of the rebels, who had got out of their reach. The excitement that prevailed for awhile has gone down, and everybody are satisfied that the whole affair was a farce but poorly enacted.

THEATER.—The benefit of the Florences last night was a huge one. The House was completely jammed, there being hardly a place to stand. "Rory O'Moore" and "Mischievous Annie" will be produced to-night. Of course the house will be crowded. The "Irish Boy and Yankee Gal" are great favorites here.

☞The third and last of the three men who committed violence upon a respectable lady in the lower part of the city on Sunday last was arrested yesterday by officers Glass and Antle, of the city police. His name is George Read, and he is now in jail awaiting trial. He is a member of the first Wisconsin regiment.

CONTRACTS AWARDED.—The contracts for paper, envelopes, &c., for the Government, as advertised by Capt. Hull, of this city, has been awarded to Messrs. A. V. DuPont & Co., Messrs. Hull & Brother, of this city, and to Messrs. Bradley & Webb, Cincinnati.

☞A lot of thirty-six bales of cotton sold in New Orleans, on the 12th instant, at sixty-four cents per pound; sugar sold at six and three fourth and seven cents; molasses (new crop) at thirty and thirty-four cents per gallon.

☞We are indebted to our clever friend Geo. O. Hart, Esq., of the steamer Commercial, for latest Memphis papers. The Commercial will arrive on Sunday and leave on Tuesday. She is the people's favorite.

DOWN THE ROAD.—The train from Nashville arrived last night at eight o'clock, and reported all quiet along the line of the road. No further depredations have been committed by the guerrillas, nor is any anticipated.

☞The Morningstar Campbell Minstrels will return to the city to-day and commence a series of entertainments in the Masonic Temple to-night.

☞About one hundred sick and wounded soldiers will be transferred from the hospitals in this city to-day to the hospitals in Quincy, Illinois.

☞The Cumberland river was falling at Nashville, Thursday, though another rise was expected soon.

☞Cotton is still selling in Nashville at seventy-five cents per pound.

☞We give elsewhere this morning the proceedings of a preliminary meeting held yesterday by the tobacco buyers of this city.

POLICE COURT.—There were a good many mourners on the bench yesterday—an evidence that whisky flowed freely Thursday. Mary Burns, alias Collins, was introduced to the court, charged with stealing $125 worth of clothing, silver spoons, &c., from a woman up town. The case was continued until this morning, on account of the absence of several witnesses. Henry Evans and Pat Gleason, two young chaps, were again introduced on the charge of stealing a lot of pants from Thomas Flynn, who recognized the stolen property in court. James Cahill was introduced charged with being implicated in the affair, and was discharged. The other two were required to give $200 each to answer the charge of felony. Henry Ellman, alias Perkins, and Tom King, alias Jack Sheppard, two "sojer boys," were charged with drunkenness and disorderly conduct up town Thursday. They ran the children out of the First-Ward School House, with a pistol, and were raising "a muss," generally, around the Shelby-street Church, in which the school is held. Most of the morning was occupied in the examination of a witness, who began to think that he was made of answers; a speech, in defense of the accused, was eloquently delivered. Tom and Jack thinking a morning ride would be beneficial to their health, the Judge gave them passage to Holmes' Castle, in the "Black Maria," free of charge, as they couldn't give $300 bail to be good boys for six months to come. A "Bowld Sojer Boy" lost his way Thursday night, and found himself in the Police Court The Judge turned him over to Colonel Munday. The Court adjourned in "good order."

☞We were yesterday shown the large and beautiful silk flag which is intended as a present to Colonel Sedgwick's Second Kentucky regiment, now with the army of the Cumberland. It is a magnificent piece of workmanship, and we have no doubt the boys will "rally round the new flag" with the same bravery and pride as they have so often around the old, shattered and time-worn emblem which they now proudly bear towards the land of Dixie. It can be seen at the manufactory of Mr. Hugh Wilkins (who made it), on Fourth street, between Main and Market, for a few days.

If our citizens who have contributed so liberally towards the purchase of the flag, wish to see something handsome, we hope they will call there and examine it. It will be sent to the boys on Tuesday.

We also saw a very pretty flag which is intended for the First Kentucky regiment—a present from the ladies of Cincinnati, at which place it was made.

These regiments have seen a great deal of hard service, and have taken active parts in some of the most bloody battles that have been fought since the rebellion first broke out.

☞We learn that the exercises at the Male High School yesterday morning, consisting of declamations and the reading of a society monthly paper, were very entertaining. The young gentlemen were encouraged by the attendance of the young ladies of the Female High School and the schools of Professors Butler and Noles. Their paper was spicy, well read, and gave evidence of deep thought as well as sprightliness. On Wednesday of this week the young gentleman of the Male High school attended the "Paper Reading Exercise" of the first grade at the Female High School. We learn that the paper sustained the excellent reputation of the fair members of the grade, and that the numerous visitors went away much pleased.

It is evident to those interested in the progress of our High Schools that these exercises exert a stimulating influence upon the members of both institutions.

THE RAID AT WOODBURN.—The amount of private property destroyed by the guerrillas at Woodburn, day before yesterday, was very considerable, but it is difficult to arrive at a correct statement. We have obtained a list of the shippers and consignees, which we append:

Shippers in Louisville.	*Consignees in Nashville.*
Otter & Allen	Vaughn & Henderson.
Gardner & Co	Wm. T. Berry.
Gardner & Co	Conner & Mason.
A. Rawson & Co	Griffith & Parsons.
Mitchell & Dean	Sam. Brown.
Mitchell & Dean	J. N. Mize.
Gardner & Co. (2d lot)	Conner & Mason.
Gardner & Co	C. Holdchah
Lane & Bartlett	John Dougherty.
Nock, Wicks & Co	Griffith & Parsons.
Nock, Wicks & Co	Ira Lindley.
Nock, Wicks & Co	A F Homer.
Nock, Wicks & Co	Tomb & Seney.
Nock, Wicks & Co	T. C. Jones.
Gardner & Co	Conner & Mason.
Gardner & Co	John Grady.
Buckles & Co	G. S. Maddy & Co.
Hastings & Co	Frank Riley.
D. H. Cowan	J. R. Best.
Woodward	L. Wheeler
Mitchell & Dean	John G. Fulgum.

☞Yesterday was indeed a beautiful day. Old winter, it seems, shook his hoary locks and left for "parts unknown," while the bright and joyous eye of day rose early with the smiling morn. It seemed that spring had arisen from her slumbering couch, where she lay dreaming, but was awakened by the cold lips of winter, who bade her a long and sweet farewell. The sun never wended its trackless course through the world of space, and smiled upon handsomer women, prettier girls—and more of them—than it did yesterday. The sidewalks were one moving mass of loveliness and fashion. If the pretty girls didn't admire the smiliug countenance of yesterday's *sun*, we feel confident that they have an eye to some one else's *son*.

☞Yesterday afternoon a couple of United States soldiers stepped into a coffeehouse down town to "take somethin'," when a fellow in side commenced singing the "Bonnie Blue Flag." He had sang the first verse, and was about to throw his whole soul into the chorus, when one of the soldiers put a stop to the song, by politely telling him "that if he sung another note of that song he would put a streak of daylight through him." He was put out, and the soldiers "smiled."

LECTURE TO TEACHERS.—We take pleasure in announcing that Mr. Harding, the Superintendent of the Public Schools of Cincinnati, is now in the city, and by special invitation will deliver a lecture in the Male High School building, this afternoon, at two o'clock, to the teachers of this city. The Trustees are respectfully invited to attend.

☞A man named Schindler was killed at Indianapolis on Thursday afternoon by a soldier belonging to the Twenty-sixth Indiana regiment, named Louis Gabel. Gabel struck him several times with his fist, one of which broke his neck, causing almost instant death.

ARREST.—Wm. Price, who hails from Michigan, was arrested yesterday by the marshal of Jeffersonville, a short distance back of that town. He is charged with having stolen a horse from Colonel David Storer, of the 4th Tennessee cavalry.

ADOPTED.—It will be seen by the proceedings of the Legislature yesterday, that in the House the resolutions reported by the majority of the Committee on Federal Relations was adopted, but the address or preamble was not.

☞Dr James G. Hawes, of Daviess county, Kentucky, a surgeon in the rebel army, died in Richmond, Virginia, on the 22d of December, of wounds received in the battle of Fredericksburg.

Job Printing of all Descriptions, in Plain and Fancy Colors, Neatly Executed, at the Shortest Possible Notice. Call and Examine Specimens and learn prices.

JUST AS WE EXPECTED.—The rebel invasion of Kentucky, so far as can be ascertained, proves to be a big "scare" and nothing else.

☞We give elsewhere this morning the proceedings of a preliminary meeting held yesterday by the tobacco buyers of this city.

☞The Frankfort Commonwealth of yesterday announces the safe return of Senator Bush. He went home on Saturday, the 21st instant, on a visit to his family, his estimable wife being sick. The rebels came into Winchester on Monday, the 23d, and hastened to Senator Bush's residence, hoping to capture him, but his friends apprised him of the presence of the enemy, and he, in company with his friend S. G. Stuart, the sheriff of Clarke county, made good his escape.

The rebels stole all the good horses and mules they could lay hands upon. In some cases they took every hoof of horse stock off of the farms. They broke open the stores and robbed the merchants of Winchester of boots, shoes, hats, and such goods as they desired.

Colonels Runkle, Wilson, and Garrard, with about 1,300 mounted men, are in hot pursuit of the rebels, who are retreating toward Pound Gap, by way of McCormick and Hazel Green. When last heard from, Col. Runkle had captured the rear guard and baggage wagons of Col. R. S. Cluke's command, on Slate creek, in Montgomery county, about twelve miles out from Mt. Sterling. From the known disposition of the Federal forces, and the energetic pursuit, Senator Bush is of opinion that we may prepare to hear of a Federal success.

Senator Bush and Mr. Stuart took their stand in the timber overlooking the Mount Sterling Turnpike, and saw the rebels pass with their horses, mules, and plunder. They estimate their number at seven hundred, or seven hundred and fifty, with several howitzers. They were armed with Springfield rifles and double-barreled shot-guns. Their horses were jaded and poor, except the fresh horses they had just stolen. They were compelled to try the bottom of their steeds when the Federal troops got after them, to save themselves and the horses, and other property they had stolen.

DECEASED SOLDIERS.—The following is a list of the names of soldiers who have died in general hospitals in this city during the week ending Feb. 27, 1863:

Feb. 21—Wm Dicky, 19th Ind battery.
" " Ira Dunham, co F, 73d Ind.
" " G W Weaver, co I, 86th Ill.
" " John McVay, teamster.
" " Nimrod Moore, co K, 12th Ky.
Feb. 22—B F Berkey, co G, 103d Ohio.
Feb. 23—D Beesby, co K, 13th Louisiana, rebel.
" " B F Wheeler, rebel.
" " W N Bragg, rebel.
" " D C Brown, rebel.
Feb. 24—Wm Cole, teamster.
" " David Thornton, co K, 125th Ill.
" " Henry Alexander, co K, 18th Ohio.
" " Green Morris, co F, 1st Mo cav.
" " Joel Selfel, co F, 74th Ind.
" " Quincy French, co B, 16th U S I.
" " Wm B May, co M, 1st Tenn cav.
" " J S Richards, co G, 115th Ill.
Feb. 25—Henry Woolman, 21st Ind battery.
" " F Miles, co B, 60th Ind.
" " Wm Vogle, co G, 6th Tenn.
" " Adison Eddington, co G, 6th Ky.
Feb. 27—H Greenwright, co F, 4th Mich cav.
" " John Hallmark, co F, 1st Tenn cav.
" " J P Boyd, co F, 75th Ind.

Meeting of Tobacco Buyers.

At a meeting of a number of the tobacco buyers, held at the office of Mr. W. J. Anderson, Friday afternoon, February 27, Col. R. K. White was called the Chair, and D. M. Anderson appointed Secretary.

The Chair explained the object of the meeting being to devise some plan by which the grievances now existing at the different tobacco warehouses in this city might be remedied.

On motion of Mr. W. B. Wilson, Messrs. R. K. White, A. Graham, D. Spalding, jr., J. J. Edmunds, and F. Jansen were appointed a committee to meet at the office of Mr. Andrew Graham this evening, at half-past 7 o'clock, to consider the subject and draft resolutions, to be reported to an adjourned meeting to be held at this office to morrow (Saturday) morning, at half past 8 o'clock, which all the buyers are requested to attend.

On motion of the Chair, Messrs. A. Musselman, Wm. Lindsay, and W. B. Wilson, were added to said committee.

The Chairman remarked, that, in view of the importance of the movement, and the early adjournment of the Legislature, some action should be taken at once.

On motion of Mr. Andrew Graham, the Chairman was instructed to make dispatches to various members of our Legislature, requesting them to withhold any action in regard to the tobacco regulations of this city, until some communication could be had from us relative to it.

On motion of Mr. A. Barge, it was resolved that the proceedings of this meeting be published in the daily papers.

On motion of Mr. Andrew Musselman, the meeting adjourned to meet at the office of Mr. W. J. Anderson, at half-past eight o'clock to-morrow morning.

R. K. WHITE, Chairman.
D. M. ANDERSON, Secretary.

Kentucky Officers Commissioned.

HEADQUARTERS KENTUCKY VOLUNTEERS,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
FRANKFORT, February 27, 1863.

Appointments by the Governor:

Commissions issued February 25, 1863.

Eli H. Whittaker, Assistant Surgeon, 15th Infantry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, February 24, 1863, vice Edward Dunn, promoted.

Philip Hardwick, 2d Lieutenant, company M, 8th Cavalry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, February 15, 1863, vice George W. Damron, resigned.

Orderly Sergeant, M. H. Owen, promoted to 2d Lieutenant, company H, 8th Cavalry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, January 20, 1863, vice S. L. Melton, resigned.

Commissions issued February 26, 1863.

Sergeant Major Wm. James McKee, promoted to 1st Lieutenant, company I, 1st Infantry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, February 18, 1863, vice Wm Robert McChesney, resigned.

1st Lieutenant Wm. W. Briggs, of company B, promoted to Captain, 17th Infantry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, Feb. 14, 1863, vice W. H. Davison, resigned.

2d Lieutenant Barney M. Harwood, of company C, promoted to 1st Lieutenant, company B, 17th Infantry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, February 14, 1863, vice W. W. Briggs, promoted.

Sergeant Robert J. Allen, company C, promoted to 2d Lieut., 17th Infantry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, Feb. 14, 1863, vice B. M. Harwood, promoted.

1st Lieutenant G. D. Hunt, to company B, 4th Infantry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, promoted to Adjutant, with rank of 1st Lieut., in 31 Infantry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, Feb. 19, 1863, vice W. A. Bullitt, promoted.

By order of the Governor:
JOHN W. FINNELL,
Adjutant General Ky. Vols.

APRIL ELECTION.

FOR MAYOR.

JOSEPH A. GILLISS is a candidate for Mayor at the ensuing April election. fe11 dtc

FOR STREET INSPECTOR.

WILLIAM BAILEY is a candidate for re-election as Street Inspector of the Eastern District. fe26 dtc*

WILLIAM MODENBACH (German at Summers' pump manufactory), is a candidate for Street Inspector in the Eastern District at the ensuing April election. fe27 dtc*

MARRIED.

On the 26th inst., by Rev. R. G. Gardiner, Chaplain Twenty-seventh Kentucky Volunteers, Captain H. B. GRANT, of the same regiment, Acting Assistant Inspector General on General Boyle's staff, and Miss MOLLIE L., youngest daughter of Samu l K. Richardson, Esq., of this city. fe28 new&d*

At the residence of the bride's father, in Warsaw, Ky., on the 25th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Tiller, Mr. JOSEPH W. ROBERTS, of Louisville, and Miss MOLLIE, daughter of John M. Bacon, of Warsaw.

DIED,

In this city, on the morning of the 27th inst., TOMMY, eldest son of Thomas P. and Eugenia White, in the 4th year of his age.

His funeral will take place from his parents' residence, on Third street, near Breckinridge, on Saturday, 28th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M.

HAT & CAP
EMPORIUM OF THE WEST.
PRATHER & SMITH,
429 Main Street,

Are now in receipt of their

SPRING STOCK,

COMPRISING EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOODS now in vogue, in the Hat and Cap line. Their stock has been manufactured with care and economy. Their experience and facilities are such as to enable them to offer inducements not surpassed in any market. fe26

CUTLERS' SUPPLIES—WE HAVE IN STORE AND are receiving daily direct from Baltimore and New York a large stock of choice goods in this line, which we will sell low.
fe27 TAIT, SON, & CO., 334 Main st.

LOCAL NOTICES.

☞*It is well known* that an important percentage of the ills that flesh is heir to, arise from poisons taken into the stomach with food or more occasional refreshments. Burnett's Fruit Extracts are free from poisonous oils and acids, and are perfectly healthy.

And sold everywhere fe28 deod3

☞Mr. C. C. Spencer sells this morning, at his auction rooms, the valuable library, surgical instruments and splints of the late Dr. Doune, to which the attention of the profession is called.

☞Mr. C. C. Spencer, sells on the premises, this afternoon, at three o'clock, several valuable building lots on Chestnut street, corner of Seventeenth, to which the special attention of real estate buyers is called.

☞Especial attention is called to the advertisement of the Marshal of the Chancery Court in the case of E. V. Bunn's Ex'r vs. E. V. Bunn's devisees. The property binds on Beargrass creek, between First and Brook streets, 195 feet by High Water Wharf, by more than 400 feet on Brook street. The completion of the canal, and of the High water wharf, which is to be built in front of this property, will make it amongst the most valuable in the city. The sale will be made at the Courthouse door on Monday, March 2, 1863, at 11 o'clock, when the Marshal will sell other valuable property consisting in part of 52½ feet by 200 feet, on the south side of Chestnut, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth streets. House and lot on the north side of Chestnut, between Jackson and Hancock, 28 by 165 feet. House and lot on east side of First, between Chestnut and Gray, 53 by 162 feet. 25 feet by 132 feet on east side of Thirteenth, between Chestnut and Magazine. The brewery and contents of Charles Heyback, on Portland avenue, 86½ by 210 feet. 25 acres of land in Jefferson county, near Harrod's Creek. Six negroes.
fe28 d2.

☞The New York Daily Times speaks thus of Professor McCLINTOCK'S family medicines: "The wisest and best men in the country have been patients of Dr. McClintock, and some of our greatest physicians have been his pupils." Raymond & Tyler are agents for the sale of his COUGH SYRUP, and COLD and COUGH mixture; also, his TONIC ALTERATIVE SYRUP, DYSPEPTIC ELIXIR, RHEUMATIC MIXTURE, and remedy for ASTHMA and WHOOPING COUGH. Call on the agents, No 74, Fourth street. ja8 deod&weow.

GOOD LUCK.—The high rate of premium on gold has caused a great advance in the price of all kinds of merchandise—but J. M. Armstrong, on Main street, opposite the National, laid in an unusually large stock of fine cloths, cassimeres, and vestings, men's and boys' ready-made clothing, shirts, hosiery, underwears, &c., before the advance—consequently he is now able to undersell those who have made recent purchases. "A word to the wise." fe 27.

☞Willow work, traveling and reticule baskets, workstands, baby chairs, &c., &c., of all descriptions. The largest assortment we ever kept before; also, a full supply of feather dusters, at SUES' VARIETY STORE.

☞We will offer, on Saturday, February 28th, at our auction and sale stable, on Market, between Sixth and Seventh, north side, six good work mares and ten draft horses, and eight mules, one wagon and one buggy. Sale commences at half-past 9 o'clock.
fe26 d3* GAZLIN & BRAWNER.

WHOLESALE MILLINERY GOODS.—We are receiving our spring goods, and will have a complete stock by the 1st of March.
OTIS & Co., 516 Main street.

☞The principal companies making sewing machines are Wheeler & Wilson, I. M. Singer & Co., and Grover & Baker. Of the machines made there were sold during the year last reported—

By Wheeler & Wilson	21,305
By I. M. Singer & Co	10,953
By Grover & Baker	10,280

Showing Wheeler & Wilson's sales to be double those of any other sewing machine company in the country.

In addition to these awards of the highest authority, we have the testimonials of the most intelligent and influential ladies, manufacturers and professional seamstresses in all parts of the United States, Europe, British America, West Indies, Central and South America, Turkey, India, China and Japan. All machines warranted three years.
W. M. SUMNER & Co., Agents,
No. 1 Masonic Temple.

☞In addition to their hat and fur business, Messrs. Green & Green keep the most elegant stock of gents' furnishing goods in the city. Gentlemen who wish tasteful goods, will find them at this house. Their styles of collars are unequaled. They also make to order from measurement, and warrant to fit. gents' shirts, linen, muslin or woolen, at short notice, and in any style desired. Their shirts are all made *in the house.*

30 bags cotton yarn, assorted sizes.
50 bales batting.
300 bags Rio coffee.
50 hhds. New Orleans sugar.
20 butts fine Virginia tobacco.
40 butts Missouri and Kentucky do; for sale at lowest market rates, by
GLAZEBROOK, BRO. & CO.,
530 Main street.

RIVER NEWS.

STEAMBOAT AGENTS.

Moorhead & Co., No. 116, Wall street.
T. M. Erwin, No. 129, Wall street.
B. J. Caffrey, No 137, Wall street.

PORT OF LOUISVILLE.

ARRIVALS.

Prioress, from Cincinnati.
Big Gray Eagle, from Henderson.
Eclipse, from Pittsburg.

DEPARTURES.

Prioress, to Cincinnati.
Major Anderson, to Cincinnati.
Big Gray Eagle, to Henderson.
Eclipse, to St. Louis.

[N. B.—One of our Reporters will devote a great portion of his time to the collection of river news, manifests, memoranda, &c., and clerks of steamboats will confer a favor by giving him all the news they may have, or leave it for him at the counting-room of any one of the above named steamboat agencies.]

The river was slowly rising last evening, with eleven feet nine inches water in the canal. The weather yesterday was delightful.

Business was not very brisk yesterday, the arrivals and departures being few and far between.

The little tow-boat Shark was sold yesterday to Capt. W. H. Brown. The price paid, we understand, was $4,000.

Captain Pegram, of the Ruth, has contracted with our builders for two more boats very similar to the Ruth. The Howards will build the hulls, and McClaran & Co. the cabins.

Henry Harrison, a well known pilot, died in Cincinnati Wednesday night.

The Armada, Jennie Rogers, Dunleith, and Diadem, are due from above. The Glendale, Sir Wm. Wallace and Commercial, from Memphis, will be due to-day.

The Tycoon, on her last trip down, passed Evansville Wednesday with an immense load, her guards in the water, and having besides a barge in tow containing 175 tons of freight. Captain Archer will do well with her.

FOR CINCINNATI—The General Buell is the mail-boat at noon to-day.

HENDERSON—The Star Gray Eagle is the regular Saturday packet, leaving at 5 P. M.

KENTUCKY RIVER.—The Wren will be here this morning from Kentucky river and will start back at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

MEMPHIS, HELENA AND VICKSBURG.—The Dunleith, in charge of Capt. Wilson, will be here this morning, and leave at 4 P. M. for the lower end of the Mississippi, or as far as she can go.

The Prioress, which has taken the place of the Major Anderson in the Cincinnati mail line, left yesterday for Madison, but may proceed as far as Cincinnati. The Major Anderson having completed her repairs, took her place yesterday.

The Cincinnati Gazette of yesterday has the following:

An embargo has been laid on the shipment of goods into Kentucky, orders having been issued at the Customhouse to stop the granting of permits for ports on that side of the river. The present owners of the Diadem made an offer to Capt. O. Shinkle of $20,000 for the steamer Leonora, which, however, was declined. Capt. Shinkle sold out his interest in the Poland, amounting to one-third, to David Gibson, Esq., for $4,000. Mr. Gibson now owns the whole boat.

Col. McKinnie, a universal favorite among river men, and clerk of the steamer Sunny Side, arrived in the city, yesterday, but left last night for his peaceful residence on the banks of the beautiful Beaver river. The Col. is the latest arrival we have from Vicksburg, but has no war news to communicate.

The Memphis Argus of the 24th has the following:

The river is swelling here beautifully. It has risen ten inches since our last report. A rise from the Upper Mississippi, Ohio, Cumberland, and Tennessee rivers is making the old "daddy" expand.

On the levee yesterday there was a noted improvement in the condition of things The mud was getting scarce, and the sun aided in restoring the landing to its pristine purity.

STEAMBOATS IN LIMBO.—The steamers Rose Hambleton and Evansville, trading boats, arrived last evening under arrest. They are charged with violating orders issued at Helena. The Rose Hambleton had over three hundred bales of cotton. Both boats will be taken to Cairo for investigation.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Coal! Coal! Coal!
N. W. HUGHES,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in the Best Quality of
PITTSBURG & YOUGHIOGHENY
COAL.

Having devoted my exclusive attention during the past twenty years to the
Coal Business,

I feel justified in offering to the public, Coal of the best quality, by the large or boat load, or by retail, at unusually low prices to suit the times, at my office, No. 100 Fourth street, between Main and Water, east side. I buy and sell exclusively FOR CASH, and guarantee to retail customers good weight, as my coal is all weighed by a sworn Coal Inspector.
se4 dtf N. W. HUGHES.

AMERICAN WATCHES
FOR SOLDIERS
AT REDUCED PRICES.

American Watches for Americans!

THE AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY give notice that they have lately issued a new style of Watch, expressly designed for Soldiers and others who desire a good watch at a moderate price. These watches are intended to displace the worthless, cheap watches of British and Swiss manufacture with which the country is flooded, and which were never expected to keep time when they were made, being refuse manufactures sent to this country because unsalable at home and used here only for JOCKEYING and SWINDLING purposes.

We offer to sell our Watch, which is of THE MOST SUBSTANTIAL MANUFACTURE, AN ACCURATE AND DURABLE TIMEKEEPER, and in Sterling Silver cases, Hunting pattern, at as low a price as is asked for the trashy ANCRES and LAPINES of foreign make already referred to.

We have named the new series of Watches, WILLIAM ELLERY, Boston, Mass., which name will be found on the plate of every watch of this manufacture, and is one of our trademarks.

Sold by all respectable Watch Dealers in the loyal States.

Wholesale orders should be addressed to
ROBBINS & APPLETON,
Agents for the American Watch Company,
fe12 deod2m2dp 182 BROADWAY, N. Y.

WE CHALLENGE THE WORLD!

To produce a preparation so eminently harmless, so generally approved, and so perfect in its operation as
"CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE."

It corrects the injurious effects of other dyes, invigorates the Hair, is applied in a simple manner, operates INSTANTANEOUSLY, does not stain the skin, and its tints are the
COUNTERFEITS OF NATURE.

Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold everywhere, and applied by all Hair Dressers.

Price $1, $1 50 and $3 per box, according to size.
fe26 deod&wlm No. I.

Cristadoro's Hair Preservative.

Is invaluable with his Dye, as it imparts the utmost softness, the most beautiful gloss, and great vital ty to the Hair.

Price 50 cents, $1 and $2 per bottle, according to size. fe26 d&wly

Take no more unpleasant and unsafe Medicines.
For unpleasant and dangerous diseases, use
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,
Which has received the endorsement of the most PROMINENT PHYSICIANS IN THE U. S.
Is now offered to afflicted humanity as a certain cure for the following diseases and symptoms originating from diseases and abuse of the Urinary or Sexual Organs,
General Debility,
Mental and Physical Depression,
Imbecility,
Determination of Blood to the Head,
Confused Ideas,
Hysteria,
General Irritability
Restlessness and Sleeplessness at Night,
Absence of Muscular Efficiency,
Loss of Appetite,
Dyspepsia,
Emaciation,
Low Spirits,
Disorganization or Paralysis of the Organs of Generation,
Palpitation of the Heart,
And, in fact, all the concomitants of a Nervous and Debilitated state of the system.
To insure the genuine, cut this out,
ASK FOR HELMBOLD'S. TAKE NO OTHER.
CURES GUARANTEED.
See advertisement in another column.
fe1 d&w2m&wlm

[From the Journal and Messenger, a religious paper of Cincinnati.]

Cure for Dyspepsia.

MR. EDITOR: I feel it due to those who are suffering from dyspepsia to state a remedy, which I have been advised to use, and which has effected a cure. I was afflicted with the unpleasant consequences of indigestion last winter and spring, till my health was despaired of. I have been an opposer to patent medicines generally, but was induced to use "Dr. Rohack's Stomach Bitters," manufactured in your city. One bottle has relieved me of all those symptoms, and I can now gratify a good appetite upon the luxuries of this bountiful season, without experiencing the exceedingly unpleasant effects which eating even light food caused me a few months since.

I leive this medicine to be good and effective in those diseases of the st mach for which it is recommended. I write this without the knowledge of Doctor Roback or any one concerned, and do it first of all for the good of those suffering from indig stion and its cindred results. A MINISTER.

We know the writer of the above, and that he is what he professes to be—a minister and a gentleman of truth. *Journal and Messenger.*
For sale everywhere. ja13 d&wtf

☞HUSBAND'S Calcined Magnesia is free from unpleasant taste, and three times the strength of the common Calcined Magnesia.

A World's Fair Medal and four First Premium Silver Medals have been awarded it, as being the best in the market. For sale by the Druggists and country storekeepers, and by the manufacturer,
THOMAS J. HUSBAND,
mh7 deodly Philadelphia.

FOUND.

SOME MONEY, WHICH THE OWNER CAN HAVE by proving property and paying expenses, and applying to Wm. T. McElroy, on Eighth street, near Magazine. fe28 d3*

Negro Girl for Sale.

AMONG THE NEGROES THAT WILL BE SOLD ON Monday morning, March 2nd, at 11 o'clock, at the Courthouse door, by J. W. Davis, is a Girl, 20 years old, a first rate cook, washer and ironer, sound and healthy, and little proud, and is also a good seamstress, and not a contraband. fe28 d2*

Taken Up.

ON THE 27TH FEBRUARY, ON THE CORNER OF Tenth and Market streets, a dark bay MULE. Had on saddle and bridle and a piece of rope attached to the bridle. The owner can have said Mule by calling on undersigned on Tenth street, near Chestnut, or at the Louisville and Portland Railroad stables, corner Thirteenth and Main street, proving property and paying charges [f 28 d3*] HUGH MURPHY.

A Rare Chance for Business Men.

A GENTLEMAN OF LONG EXPERIENCE IN THE Auction and Commission business, and a first-class Crier, is desirous to form a partnership with a gentleman who can advance $1,500 or $2,000 capital. He can influence large consignments of goods from the Eastern cities, and is ready to commence business. Address Auctioneer, through the Postoffice. fe28 d5*

NOTICE.

Fanny E. Brady's Adm'r, } vs. } Louisville Chancery Court.
Fanny E. Brady's H'rs }

THE CREDITORS OF FANNY E. BRADY, ALIAS Sarah E. Brady, alias Fanny Bradley, deceased, are notified to present their claims against her as my office, and authenticate the same according to law, on or before the 15th day of March, 1863.
fe28 d3w2 THOS. P. SMITH,
Com. Lou. Chn'cy Court.

FOR SALE.

A STEAM ENGINE AND BOILER OF EIGHT HORSE power, in good running order, with belting, shafting, &c., complete, will be sold low for cash. Apply to H. B. GREEN, at Washington Engine House, fe28 Jefferson st., bet. Third and Fourth.

NOTICE.

E. V. Bunn's Ex'r, } vs. } Louisville Chancery Court.
E. V. Bunn's H'rs. }

THE CREDITORS OF E. V. BUNN, DECEASED, ARE notified to present their claims against him, at my office, and authenticate the same according to law, on or before the 6th day of March, 1863.
fe28 d3 THOS. P. SMITH,
Com'r Lou. Ch'y Court.

To Country Saddlers.

YOU WILL FIND A GOOD STOCK OF SKIRTING Harness and Bridle Leather, with every kind of Hardware. Orders attended to at short notice.
JOHN CROSS,
fe24 dlm No. 523 Main st., bet. Fifth and Sixth.

To Dealers in Leather.

SK

MEDICAL.

THE GREAT AMERICAN REMEDIES

Known as "HELMBOLD'S"

Genuine Preparations, viz:

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,
" SARSAPARILLA,
IMPROVED ROSE WASH.

HELMBOLD'S

GENUINE PREPARATION

"HIGHLY CONCENTRATED"

Compound Fluid Extract Buchu

A POSITIVE AND SPECIFIC REMEDY

For Diseases of the

Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, and Dropsical Swellings.

This medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the assimilative into healthy action, by which the waste or calculous deposition, and all WEAKNESS, INFLAMMATION are removed, as well as PAIN and INFLAMMATION, and is good for

Men, Women or Children.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,

FOR WEAKNESSES

Arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion or Abuse,

Attended with the Following Symptoms:

Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Disease, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Eruptions on the Face, Pallid Countenance.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follows

Impotency, Fatuity, Epileptic Fits,

In one of which the patient may expire!

Who can say that they are not frequently followed by those "DIREFUL DISEASES,"

INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION!

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, BUT NONE WILL CONFESS.

THE RECORDS OF THE INSANE ASYLUMS, AND THE MELANCHOLY DEATHS BY CONSUMPTION

Bear AMPLE WITNESS to the truth of the assertion

The Constitution once affected with Organic Weakness,

requires the aid of medicine to *strengthen and invigorate the system*, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU *invariably does.*

A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE THE MOST SKEPTICAL.

FEMALES! FEMALES!

Old or Young, Single, Married, or contemplating Marriage.

In many affections peculiar to Females, the Extract Buchu is unequalled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularities, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Scirrhous state of the Uterus, Leucorrhœa, or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from Indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, or in the

DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE.

SEE SYMPTOMS ABOVE.

No Family should be without it.

Take no more Balsam, Mercury, or unpleasant Medicine for unpleasant and dangerous Diseases!

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

CURES

Secret Diseases

In all their Stages; At little Expense; Little or no change in Diet; No inconvenience. And no Exposure.

It causes a frequent desire and gives strength to Urinate, thereby Removing Obstructions, Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra, allaying Pain and Inflammation so frequent in this class of diseases, and expelling all *poisonous, diseased and worn-out matter.*

THOUSANDS UPON THOUSANDS

WHO HAVE BEEN THE VICTIMS OF QUACKS

and who have paid *heavy fees* to be cured in a short time, have found they were deceived, and that the "poison" has, by the use of *"powerful astringents,"* been dried up in the system to break out in an aggravated form, and

Perhaps after Marriage.

Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu

For all Affections and Diseases of the

URINARY ORGANS,

Whether existing in

Male or Female,

From whatever cause originating, and no matter of

HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these organs require the aid of a Diuretic;

Helmbold's Extract Buchu

IS THE GREAT DIURETIC,

and it is certain to have the desired effect in Diseases *for which it is recommended.*

BLOOD! BLOOD! BLOOD!

Helmbold's Highly Concentrated Compound

Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla.

SYPHILIS.

This is an affection of the Blood and ATTACKS THE SEXUAL ORGANS, LININGS OF THE NOSE, EARS, THROAT, WINDPIPE, AND OTHER MUCOUS SURFACES,

Making its appearance in the form of *ULCERS,*

Helmbold's Extract Sarsaparilla

Purifies the Blood,

And removes all Scaly Eruptions of the Skin,

GIVING TO THE COMPLEXION A CLEAR AND HEALTHY COLOR

It being prepared expressly for this class of complaints, its Blood Purifying Properties are preserved to a greater extent than any other preparation of Sarsaparilla.

Helmbold's Rose Wash,

An excellent Lotion for diseases of a Syphilitic Nature, and as an injection in Diseases of the Urinary Organs arising from Habits of Dissipation, used in connection with the Extracts Buchu and Sarsaparilla, in such Diseases as recommended.

EVIDENCE OF THE MOST RESPONSIBLE AND RELIABLE CHARACTER

will accompany the medicines.

CERTIFICATES OF CURES,

From 3 to 20 years' standing, with names known to

Science and Fame.

For Medical Properties of BUCHU, see Dispensatory of the United States.

See Professor DEWEES' valuable works on the Practice of Physic.

See remarks made by the late celebrated Dr. PHYSICK, Philadelphia.

See remarks made by Dr. EPHRAIM McDOWELL, a celebrated Physician and Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland, and published in the Transactions of the King and Queen's Journal.

See Medico-Chirurgical Review, published by BENJAMIN TRAVERS, Fellow of Royal College of Surgeons.

See most of the late Standard Works on Medicine.

Extract Buchu, $1 per bottle or six for $5.00
" Sarsaparilla, 1 " " " 5.00
Imp. Rose Wash, 50c " " " 2.50
Or Half dozen of each for $12.00, which will be sufficient to cure the most obstinate cases, if directions are adhered to.

Delivered to any address, securely packed from observation.

Describe symptoms in all communications.

Cures Guaranteed! Advice Gratis!

H. T. HELMBOLD, CHEMIST.

Depot, 104 South Tenth st., below Chestnut, Phila.

AFFIDAVIT.

Personally appeared before me, an Alderman of the city of Philadelphia, H. T. HELMBOLD, who being duly sworn, doth say, his preparations contain no narcotic, no mercury, or other injurious drugs, but are purely vegetable. H. T. HELMBOLD.

Sworn and subscribed before me this 25th day of November, 1854. WM. P. HIBBERD,
Alderman, Ninth st., above Race, Phila.

Address letters for information in confidence to

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS

And Unprincipled Dealers.

who endeavor to dispose "of their own" and "other" articles on the reputation attained by

Helmbold's Genuine Preparations,
" " *Extract Buchu,*
" " " *Sarsaparilla,*
" " *Improved Rose Wash.*

Sold by all Druggists Everywhere,

ASK FOR HELMBOLD'S

Take no Other!

Cut out the advertisement and send for it, AND AVOID IMPOSITION AND EXPOSURE. oct dlm&w&wly

PUBLIC SALES.

BY C. C. SPENCER,

VALUABLE CHESTNUT STREET LOTS AT AUCTION.

ON SAUTRDAY AFTERNOON, FEBRUARY 28TH, at 3 o'clock, will be sold on the premises, four desirable Building Lots, situated on the northwest corner of Chestnut and Seventeenth streets, running east and fronting on Chestnut street 26 to 30 feet front by 109 and 161 feet deep to a 20 foot alley. A plat of the ground will be exhibited on the day of sale.

☞ This property is valuable and deserving the attention of speculators and those wishing to put their surplus money in a permanent and safe investment.

Terms—One lot, 25 by 161, cash in hand, the rest one-third cash, bal nce in 6 and 12 months, with interest and lien, the purchaser having the privilege of paying all cash, in legal tender notes.

fe26 C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer.

BY C. C. SPENCER.

LARGE SALE OF EVERGREENS, ORNAMENTAL TREES, HARDY ROSES, APPLE, PEAR, PLUM AND CHERRY TREES, GOOSEBERRIES, AND CURRANT BUSHES AT AUCTION.

ON THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 19TH, AT 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Blue Grass Nursery of Mr. C. C. Cary, near the Bardstown pike, seven miles from the city of Louisville, a select assortment of the above Fruit and Ornamental Trees and Evergreens, Shrubs and Flowers. Catalogues of the various kinds of Trees, Shrubs and Flowers will be furnished at the sale.

☞ The special attention of persons wishing to supply themselves with choice and select fruits will consult their best interest by attending this sale which will be peremptory. The trees are of full growth and in fine order.

TERMS.—$20 and under, cash; over $20, 6 months credit, joint notes with approved security.

C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer.

fe25 dtc 26, 28, mr2, 9, 12, 16, 19

BY C. C. SPENCER,

SPECIAL SALE OF THE MEDICAL LIBRARY AND SURGICAL IMPLEMENTS OF THE LATE DOCTOR DONNE, AT AUCTION.

ON SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 28TH, AT 10 o'clock, will be sold at auction-rooms, No. 520 Main street, the valuable Medical Books and Surgical Splints of the late Dr. Donne. The Library contains many valuable works on Surgery (with plates), purchased in France and England, and such as are not to be obtained in the United States. A large lot of splints, adapted to all kinds of fractures, are included in this sale.

☞ Physicians, Surgeons and Students of Medicine and Surgery will find many invaluable and important Books and Implements in this sale which cannot be obtained elsewhere, to which their special attention is called.

Terms cash. C. C. SPENCER.
fe25 Auctioneer.

Administrator's Sale.

ON THURSDAY, MARCH 5TH, 1863, the undersigned, as the administrator of the estate Stephen Jones, deceased, will, on the above named day, offer at public sale, on the farm, the late residence of the decedent, five miles south of Louisville, and within half a mile of the Nashville road, Jefferson county, Ky., all the personal and real estate of the deceased, consisting of a well improved farm of 150 acres, three negro s, two men and one boy, Mules, Hogs, Cattle, Hay, Corn, Household and Kitchen Furniture; also, all the Farming Implements

The personal property will be sold on nine months' credit, for all sums over twenty dollars; approved security will be required. Under that sum, cash. The terms of sale for the real estate will be made known on the day of sale. JOHN SWINDLER,

Admr. with the will annexed of Stephen Jones, dec'd,
fe24 d5

Marshal's Sale.

E. V. Boone's Exr. } against E. V. Boone's heirs } In Chancery, No. 17,160.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE LOUISVILLE Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will on

MONDAY, MARCH 2ND, 1863,

about the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Courthouse door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of 6, 12, 18, 24 and 30 months, the property in plaindres mentioned, viz:

A LOT OF GROUND

In said city, described thus: Beginning at the angle formed by the west line of Brook street with the north line of Washington street, as said Washington street has been lately opened and established, thence westwardly with said northern line of Washington street 195 feet to the eastern line of an alley 30 feet wide, thence at right angles parallel with Brook street, and bounded on said alley northwardly to Beargrass creek at low water mark, as stated in conveyance to W. H. Walker, &c., S. S. Nichols, &c., thence eastwardly (the boundary line, according to said conveyance) up the course of said creek, at low water mark, with its meanders, to Brook street, thence southward with said Brook street to corner of Washington street the point of beginning, together with all the privileges and appurtenances to the same. It appears from the plat filed in this cause that the lot has a front of 372 feet 9 inches on Brook, between Wenzer and Washington streets, by a depth of 195 feet to a 30 feet alley; also, a frontage of 195 feet on both sides of water street.

This sale will be made subject to the covenants of Lars Anderson in deed from Preston to him, and of Jno. I. Jacob and S. S. Nich las in said Anderson's deed, relative to the openin; of Water street through the property.

This property will be subdivided into parcels to suit purchasers, is deemed advisable.

The purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid, and a lien will be retain d as additional security.

THOMAS A. MORGAN, M. L. C. C.
N. BEALL GANTT, Deputy.

Louisville, Feb. 2d, 1863. fe29 dtd

Auction and Commission Stable.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE JUST OPENED an Auction and Commission stable on the north side of Market, between Sixth and Seventh streets, and respectfully solicit the patronage of the public generally and especially of those who have Horses, Mules, Wagons, or any other description of property to sell. Liberal cash advances made on property left with us for sale. We have engaged the services of Mr. E. D. Hitchens, of Cincinnati, a well-known auctioneer. Try us.

fe13 d6m GASLIN & BRAWNER, Prop'rs.

NEW MEDICAL DISCOVERY!

FOR THE SPEEDY AND PERMANENT

Cure of Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethal Discharges, Nightly Emissions, Seminal Weakness, Incontinence, Genital Debility and Irritability, Gravel, Stricture, and

AFFECTIONS OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

Which has been used by upwards of

ONE HUNDRED PHYSICIANS,

IN THEIR PRIVATE PRACTICE, WITH ENTIRE success, superseding CUBEBS, COPAIBA, CAPSULES, or any compound hitherto known.

BELL'S SPECIFIC PILLS

speedy in action, often effecting a cure in a few days, and when a cure is effected it is permanent. They are prepared from vegetable extracts that are harmless on the system, and never nauseate the stomach, or impregnate the breath; and being sugar-coated, all nauseous taste is avoided. No change of diet is necessary whilst using them; nor does their action interfere with business pursuits. Each box contains six lozen Pills. Price $1.

DR. BELL'S Treatise on Seminal Weakness, Self Abuse, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, &c., a Pamphlet of 50 pages containing important advice to the afflicted, sent free. Six cents are required to pay postage.

DR. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis, &c., in all the various stages, with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician. PRICE, ONE DOLLAR. The Pills or Books will be sent secure from observation by mail, post-paid, on receipt of the money by

J. BRYAN, 76 Cedar st., N. Y. (Box 5,079).

Or any advertised agent. Sold by all Druggists.

RAYMOND & TYLER,
Wholesale and Retail Agents, Louisville, Ky.

jy17 d&weowly1y&o

JANUARY, 1863.

ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,

HARTFORD, CONN.

ASSETS, JANUARY, 1863.

	Mar. Value.
Cash, Treasury Notes, and Certificates of Indebtedness, on hand and deposited on call, and in Agents' hands	$436,561 41
Bank Stocks in New York, Hartford, Boston, St. Louis, Philadelphia, and other places, U. S. and State Stocks in Kentucky, New York, New Jersey, Ohio, Michigan and Indiana	865,801 00
City Bonds, New York, Brooklyn, Hartford, Rochester, Jersey, Milwaukee	567,495 00
Railroad Stocks, Hartford and New Haven, Conn. River, and Boston and Worcester, Mortgage Bonds,	237,100 00
State of Connecticut, temporary loan	170,435 00
Real Estate, unincumbered	1 0,000 00
	87,963 18
Gross	$2 683 110 59
LESS LIABILITIES:	
Losses, unadjusted and not due	$179,039 77
January Dividend, paid	150,000 00
	$329,039 77
Net	$2,354,070 82

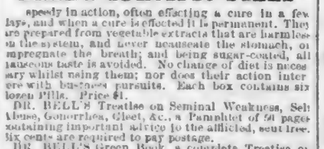
ully sworn to, Hartford, January 1, 1863.

Respectfully solicit, and will take pleasure in attending to your insurance wants.

WM. PRATHER, Agent,
ja27 dtmrtlms No. 416 Main street.

COAL! COAL!

W. L. MURPHY,



An experienced Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

PITTSBURGH COAL,

Strictly Screened for this Market from the Mines known as the

"HYATT & HORNOR" MINES,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE SUPply, and will take pleasure in filling orders by rail road, to county wagons, and to citizens of Louisville at short notice, at the lowest market price.

A large lot of good Pittsburg Coal in yard and beached boat which he will retail at 15c per bushel.

Office—Third street, between Main and Market, east side.

fe1 d&nls

NOTICE.

HAVING SOLD MY STOCK OF SEEDS AND AGRIcultural supplements to Mr J. D. BONDURANT, I retire from the business, and trust my friends and customers will convene their trade with him, and believe you will find many inducements to do so. His arrangements for doing business enable him to make it to every dealer's interest.

fe8 d&2m W. B. WILSON.

NOTICE.

HAVING BOUGHT MR. W. B. WILSON'S (SUCCESsor to T. W. Bashaw) stock of Seeds and Agricultural Implements, I will continue the business at his old stand. J. D. BONDURANT,

fe8 d&2m Seed and Agricultural Warehouse, Main st., bet. Third and Fourth.

3000 BUSHELS ORCHARD GRASS.
200 do clean Timothy Grass;
5 do Red Top or Herds' Grass;
200 do Timothy Seed;
100 do Clover Seed;
250,000 papers assorted Garden Seeds, crop of 1862, in store and for sale by

fe8 d&2m J. D. BONDURANT.

100 BBLS. CALCINE PLASTER;
100 bbls Cement or Water Lime;
50 do White Lime.

fe8 d&2m J. D. BONDURANT, No. 322 Main st.

SEWING MACHINES.

GROVER & BAKER'S

NOISELESS

Family SEWING MACHINES,

$50.

At our office alone can purchasers examine the relative merits of each stitch, and be guaranteed ultimate and thorough satisfaction, by our privilege of exchanging for either style if not suited with their first choice.

GROVER & BAKER'S

No. 9 SEWING MACHINE,

$45.

Call and examine our machines before purchasing elsewhere. We manufacture a large variety of styles of each stitch, and adapted to the requirements of families and manufacturers of goods where sewing is employed. no6 d3ply

We have lately introduced a New Style Family Sewing Machine, making the Shuttle Stitch, or stitch alike on both sides, arranged in the same style and sold at same prices as our Grover & Baker Stitch Machines.

GROVER & BAKER'S

LOCK-STITCH

Family SEWING MACHINES,

$50.

Our No. 9 Machine is admirably adapted to the wants of all manufacturers and is far more simple, durable and cheaper than any other Shuttle Machine in use, and a great favorite wherever introduced.

GROVER & BAKER'S

Sewing Machine

DEPOT,

No. 5 Masonic Temple,

Fourth street, bet. Jefferson and Green.

AMUSEMENTS.

LOUISVILLE THEATER,

Corner of Fourth and Green streets.

D. HANCHETT.....Stage Manager
THOS. J. CAREY.....Treasurer

☞ Sixth night of the engagement of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Florence, the world-renowned Irish Boy and Yankee Gal.

THIS EVENING, SATHUDAY, FEBRUARY 28TH, the performance will commence with the beautiful drama, entitled HOLLY COTTAGE—Rory O'More, Mr. W. J. Florence.....To conclude with Mr. Florence's MISCHIEVOUS ANNIE, in which Mrs. Florence will personate five distinct characters, and Mr. Florence will appear as Tim Sullivan.

☞ In rehearsal, DOMBEY & SON and ORANGE BLOSSOMS, and KNIGHT OF AVA.

☞ Tickets to be had at the following Hotels and Saloons—Galt House, Louisville Hotel, National Hotel, United States Hotel, Walker's Exchange, St. Charles, Crystal Palace, Pearl, Phœnix, Antelope, United States Hotel Bar.

☞ Private Boxes $5. Dress Circle and Parquette 75c. Second Tier 50c. Gallery 25c. Colored Boxes 25c.

☞ Doors open 6½ and Curtain rises at 7¼ o'clock.

☞ For particulars, see small bills. fe27

MASONIC TEMPLE.

RETURN OF THE FAVORITES!

MORNINGSTAR'S

EXCELSIOR

"CAMPBELL MINSTRELS!"

WILL APPEAR FOR A LIMITED NUMBER OF nights, commencing on

Saturday Night, February 28th, 1863,

At Masonic Temple.

ADMISSION.....50 CENTS.

CHAS. A. MORNINGSTAR,
fe27 dtf Proprietor.

GRAND MUSICAL BANQUET

AT

MASONIC TEMPLE,

Friday Evening, March 13th, 1863.

THE

BETHOVEN MUSICAL CLUB

HAVE THE HONOR TO ANNOUNCE THEIR FIRST annual Musical Banquet in this city as above, with a splendid

Silver Band and Full Orchestra,

Composed of eighteen accomplished musicians, under the direction of Mr. EICHHORN, on which occasion they will introduce a new and beautiful selection of

OPERATIC AND HOME GEMS

To surpass all previous efforts of this kind and to make this our first entertainment the most attractive of the season, the Society will, on this night, GIVE AWAY a magnificent new 7-octave carved

ROSEWOOD PIANO,

Now on exhibition at the Music Store of Mr. D. P. FAULDS, Main street, of whom it was purchased and valued at $450.

TICKETS LIMITED TO FIVE HUNDRED, AT $2 00 EACH,

Admitting one Gentleman and Lady, with a chance of securing the Piano.

☞ Tickets can be had ONLY from the Secretary of the Society, who may be found at Mr. D. P. FAULDS' Music Store, Main street. To prevent the Hall from being crowded, the Society have resolved not to sell any tickets at the door of the Hall, as they are limited to five hundred; parties must apply early for them.

N. B.—The Piano to be given away will be used during the evening of the Banquet. fe27 dtd

DANCING SCHOOL

AT

Odd-Fellows' Hall.

THE UNDERSIGNED MOST RESpectfully informs the citizens of Louisville that he has opened a DANCING SCHOOL for children in Odd-Fellows' Hall, and will give lessons in all ancient and modern dances, on Wednesday and Saturday afternoons, to classes beginning at 2 o'clock.

Special lessons to ladies or gentlemen from 6 to 8 o'clock.

Prices very reasonable, according to agreement. Inquiries can be made at the Hall from 2 to 4 o'clock P. M. daily. H. BLENDOWSKI,
ja15 d3m Teacher of Dancing

ODD-FELLOWS' HALL.

On Jefferson, bet. First and Second sts.,

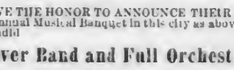
(Having been thoroughly overhauled and refitted).

IS OPEN FOR

Balls, Parties, Public Meetings, &c.

☞ For terms see JOHN B. HINKLE, at the Hall.
fe5 d1y

SPORTING PROPOSITION.



WITH A VIEW TO THE IMPROVEMENT AND test of the various stocks of horses as to their relative merits or demerits as roadsters and horses of general usefulness, for the benefit of the public generally, as well as owners and breeders, I am induced to make the following propositions for stake races to come off over Woodlawn Course, near Louisville, at the spring meeting, or in June, 1863, if there should be no spring meeting this year, beginning on Wednesday, and continuing on if the choice, two races each day:

Entries free for any Station and his Colts foaled in the spring of 1860.

For those races L. L. Dorsey's horse Golddust and his Colts are named. Goldoust is by Vermont Morgan, out of an English and Arabian mare, and will be eight years old next spring.

Races to be best 3 in 5 for $500 each, one-half forfeit, and to close the 10th of April, 1863, by which date the forfeit money must be in the hands of the Secretary of the Course.

FIRST RACE.

Aged Stallion to trot in harness or saddle for..... $500

SECOND RACE.

Aged Stallion to walk in harness or saddle for..... 500

THIRD RACE.

Two of his Colts foaled in the spring of 1860 to trot in harness for..... 500

FOURTH, FIFTH AND SIXTH RACES.

Three of his Colts, same age; the three races for each $500..... 1,500

I will also trot Goldidust's half brother, four years old next spring, for a like sum, two mile heats, against any horse of his age, if the horse be descended from the same sire of a horse that may compete with Goldsust or his colts in the first six races. W. E. MILTON,
fe23 d5 Secretary Woodlawn Race Course.

Saddlery Hardware.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS A NEW AND WELL SElected stock of Saddlers' Hardware, which he offers to manufacturers at low rates. Give him a call.

JOHN CROSS,
fe24 dtm No. 522 Main st., bet. Fifth and Sixth.

TELEGRAPHIC.

FROM CENTRAL KENTUCKY.

Not Much of an Invasion After All.

Rebels Scattering.

The Mexican Government on the Invasion of Texas.

Proceedings in Congress.

Canal at Vicksburg Almost Completed.

Van Dorn Crossed the Tennessee River with 8,000 Cavalry.

Capture of Rebels at Tuscumbia.

XXXVIIth Congress—Second Session.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25, 1863.

A communication was read from the Secretary of the Treasury transmitting an additional report for the Collector of New York concerning the duties on paper.

A Committee of Conference was appointed on the bill to limit the number of Major and Brigadier Generals.

Mr. COLLAMER, from the Committee on Postoffice and Roads, reported back the bill to allow the Covington and Cincinnati Bridge Co. to build a bridge across the Ohio river at not less than 100 feet above low water mark, with 200 feet span.

Mr. GRIMES called up the bill to incorporate an institution for colored children in the District of Columbia. Considerable discussion arose thereon.

Mr. DAVID moved to postpone.

A bill to extend the Washington Railroad was taken up.

Mr. SUMNER offered an amendment that no person shall be excluded on account of color: adopted.

Mr. CLARK opposed it.

The bill passed—yeas, 22; nays, 16.

Mr. CHANDLER called up the bill for the collection of abandoned property, and the prevention of frauds in insurrectionary districts.

Mr. GRIMES offered an amendment, excluding all captures made by the navy from the the provisions of the bill: adopted.

Mr. HOWARD offered an amendment, excluding all property which had been or was intended to be used against the United States, such as ships, munitions of war, &c: adopted.

Mr. DAVIS, in the course of some remarks on the bill, said many officers had engaged in the collection of large amounts of plunder and he understood that General Butler had, through a brother of his, engaged largely in such plunder.

Mr. CHANDLER said General Butler had accounted to the treasury for every dollar of property he had taken.

Mr. DAVIS said that General Butler did not act in his own name, but that his brother was his agent, and gathered up a large amount of plunder. He saw by the intelligence that this brother was the person now in possession of the Mumford estate, worth $30,000,000. There was a man who had a large amount of plate, worth $30,000, deposited in a safe at New Orleans, and a fine house, valued at $50,000. General Butler sent an armed force and forced open the safe and then took possession of the furniture, and Gen. Butler would compel persons having property to sell it to him at a reduced price. The people of New Orleans had denounced him as a plunderer and a tyrant.

Mr. WILSON made a report from the Committee of Conference on the bill to limit the number of Major and Brigadier Generals. Agreed to.

The report makes in all 70 Major Generals and 75 Brigadier Generals.

EVENING SESSION.

Mr. HARRIS called up the bill to facilitate taking depositions in the United States to be used in other countries. Passed.

The Senate then resumed the consideration of the bill for the collection of abandoned property in insurrectionary districts.

The pending question being the motion to strike out sections authorizing agents of the Treasury to purchase cotton, rice, sugar, tobacco, &c.

Mr. WILSON, of Mass., referred to the remarks of the Senator from Kentucky concerning Gen. Butler. He believed that Senator was mistaken. Gen. Butler had turned over to the Government nearly one million of dollars, and put into the Treasury nearly 75,000 dollars. He had done more than almost any other man to support the Government and restore order in New Orleans. General Butler had supported nearly 30,000 poor people and had levied contributions on rebels to half furnish means. He thought the imputations against Butler entirely uncalled for and unjust. He didn't believe General Butler ever received a farthing wrongfully.

Mr. DAVIS repeated what he had heard said. At the next session he would call for a committee to investigate into the doings that these charges were made by men who hated Gen. Butler. Every man who acted with vigor and energy against the rebels had been slandered. No man had done more than General Butler, and he hoped the Senator would be true to his promise, and call for a committee to investigate the conduct of Butler.

Mr. RICE also defended Butler and his course, and said the charges about Butler's brother getting rich were mere newspaper reports. Some rebels and sympathizers with treason were apt to complain.

Mr. DAVIS asked what the Senator thought of the gross order with regard to women.

Mr. RICE said it was evident from Butler's explanation that it did mean what some rebels tried to make it out. In regard to the person from St. Louis who said he lost his plate and furniture, he would say he was a traitor, or else Butler never touched a dollar of his property.

The CHAIR decided that the discussion was irrevalent.

After further discussion, the bill was postponed.

The Senate passed the joint resolution thanking General Rosecrans and his officers and men for gallantry at Murfreesboro.

And then the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

Mr. WASHBURNE, from the committee on Conference, of the amendments to the bank tax clause of the bill to provide ways and means for the support of the Government, reported that the committee was unable to agree. He moved that the House recede from the disagreement to the Senate amendment. The House, by a vote of 60 against 75, refused to recede from its disagreement to the Senate's amendment.

On motion of Mr. DAWES the House insisted on its disagreements and urged another Committee of Conference.

Mr. STEVENS from the Committee of Conference on the disagreeing votes on the bill to indemnify the President and others for acts committed under the suspension of the writ of *habeas corpus*, made a report. It authorizes the President during the present rebellion, where the public safety requires it, to suspend the writ of *habeas corpus* in any State, and provide for discharge by courts, the parties discharged having taken the oath of allegiance

Mr. PENDLETON raised the point that this was not the report agreed upon by the Joint Committee of Conference, but was altered after the meeting had adjourned.

Messrs. STEVENS and BINGHAM explained that the reports was signed by a majority.

The SPEAKER put the question as to whether the report should be received, decided in the affirmative, 88 to 42.

Several motions to adjourn were made, no quorum being present at 12 o'clock a call of the House being made, and the Sergeant at-Arms directed to bring in absentees.

CAIRO, Feb. 27.

The steamer Continental, from Lake Providence, arrived to-day. Her officers report the canal almost completed, having reached to within a few rods of the river. The canal is 250 feet wide, dug down to within one foot of the level of the river, besides giving it a passage way to enter Red river, so as to carry off the surplus water.

Van Dorn is reported to have crossed the Tennessee river, at Florence, Alabama, with 8,000 cavalry.

It is reported that our troops captured two hundred rebels at Tuscumbia on the 22d, and a large amount of ammunition and a provision train.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.

Our Government has been officially informed of the action of the Mexican Government in relation to the invasion of Texas by bands of vagabond Mexicans.

The Mexican Minister, for Foreign Affairs, has instructed Tamulpos to make solemn declaration to the Confederate authorities that such incursions are not only discountenanced by the Mexican Government, but meet with its stern condemnation. The Government of Sarnonlapos is required, as far as possible, to prevent such invasions of the neighboring soil of Texas.

Should the Texans, or other rebels, retaliate by invading Mexico, they are to be treated as bandits, while those from Mexico, passing into Texas, are to forfeit all claims of protection from the Mexican Government.

Boston, Feb. 27.

A letter, dated United States steamer Rhode Island, Key West, February 10th, contains the following:

We arrived here this morning, after a ten days' cruise around Cuba. On the 7th we fell in with a bark-rigged steamer supposed to be the Alabama or the Orveto. We made chase that day and night without success. We have had a very severe gale of wind, which stove both paddle-boxes, and which injured us very severely—so much so that we had to put in here for repairs.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.

The steamer Ariel, from Aspinwall on the 18th, with California passengers and $178,417 in treasure, arrived here this noon.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 27.

A special to the Times from Lexington says: The excitement subsided this morning. The Richmond scare is almost without foundation. The fight of Wednesday was more successful than reported; some twenty five prisoners were taken and all the captured wagons recovered. General Carter left yesterday with a considerable force for some points unknown. The rebel force beyond Mt. Sterling are said to be scattered on their retreat.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.

A letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, transmitted to the Senate to-day, says no printing paper was included in the recent statement of imports of paper from the Collectors of New York and Boston, and that none whatever has been imported under the present tariff.

Some of the principal merchants and shippers of New York remonstrate, in a memorial submitted to the Senate, against the continuance of the present system of prize adjudications—allege it to be chargeable with abuses and delays which consume the receipts of prizes so richly earned by the crews entitled to them.

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

HOUSE.

THURSDAY, Feb. 26, 1863.

NIGHT SESSION.

The House was then called to order at 7¼ o'clock by the SPEAKER.

Mr. BUSH—Claims—A bill for the appropriation of money: ordered to be printed, and made the special order for 10¼ o'clock tomorrow.

Mr. HUSTON—Revised Statutes—A bill concerning the duty of clerks in certifying stamped instruments: passed.

Mr. PROCTOR—Propositions and Grievances—A bill to change the time of the Edmonson county court: passed.

Mr. POINDEXTER—Select Committee—A bill to amend the act of 1860, in relation to the inspection of tobacco in the city of Louisville.

Mr. PROCTER moved that the bill be referred to the committee on Agriculture.

Mr. WARRING moved that the bill be laid on the table: negatived—yeas, 23; nays, 33.

Mr. UNDERWOOD moved that the committee on Agriculture be instructed to inquire into the expediency of bringing in a bill to repeal all laws for the inspection of tobacco.

A lengthy discussion arose on tobacco inspection in general, in which a number of gentlemen took part.

The instructions were adopted, and the bill referred to the committee on Agriculture.

A bill from the Senate to authorize the holding of a court of claims in Union county, for the year 1862: passed.

A House bill to give further time to the officers elected in John. county to qualify, amended in the Senate by making it a general law: amendment concurred in.

FEDERAL RELATIONS.

In Committee of the Whole Mr BELL made a few remarks, when, on motion of Mr. BURNAM, the committee rose and reported the whole matter to the House for its action, without an expression of opinion, and asked that the committee be discharged from the further consideration of the subject.

The committee was then discharged.

Mr. BELL moved that these reports be laid over until 11 o'clock to-morrow, at which time a vote shall be taken on them: carried.

Mr. IRELAND—Privileges and Elections—To whom was referred several petitions and a resolution in relation to allowing soldiers to vote in their camps, &c., asked to be discharged from the further consideration of the same. He also made a report in substance that, under the Constitution, no one could vote except in the precinct of his residence; but a soldier does not lose his residence, and, if at home, can vote: the committee was discharged.

Mr. J. B. COCHRAN—Corporations—A bill to charter the Journeyman's Tobacconist Association, of Covington: passed.

Same—A bill for the benefit of the town of Elizaville, in Fleming county: passed.

Same—A bill concerning the town of New Castle: passed.

Same—A bill to amend the charter of the town of Mount Sterling: passed.

Mr. CHANDLER—County Courts—A bill to change the time of the Adair county court: passed.

Same—A bill for the benefit of John Davis, a justice of the peace of Shelby county: passed.

Same—A Senate bill to legalize the acts of B. D. Winstead, county clerk of Webster county, with an amendment as a substitute: adopted and bill passed.

Same—A bill to repeal an act, approved Oct. 31, 1861, and re-enacting the act of May 24th, 1861, relating to the boundary line between Barren and Metcalfe counties.

Mr. ROUSSEAU opposed the bill, and hoped it would be placed in the orders of the day.

Mr. WARRING opposed its being placed in the orders of the day, and urged the passage of the bill now.

Mr. ROUSSEAU offered an amendment to the bill.

Mr. SPARKS moved the previous question: ordered.

The amendment of Mr. ROUSSEAU was then rejected—yeas, 9; nays, 42.

The bill was then passed.

Mr. MERCER moved a reconsideration of the vote passing "a Senate bill exempting persons going to church from toll:" motion entered.

PENITENTIARY BILL.

The House insisted upon its amendent to the Senate Penitentiary bill. The Senate having refused to concur, the House then resolved to ask the Senate for a committee of conference, and Messrs. HUSTON, BELL, and FINNELL were appointed on the part of the House the conference committee.

Mr. IRELAND—County Courts—A bill to authorize the Carter county court to sell the Poorhouse lands: passed.

Same—A bill to authorize the Campbell county court to establish a new ferry opposite to New Richmond, Ohio: passed.

Same—A bill to change the voting place at Garrettsburg, in Christian county: passed.

SENATE.

FRIDAY, Feb. 27, 1863.

The Senate was opened with prayer by the Rev. JOHN S. HAYS, of the Presbyterian Church.

The reading of the journal of yesterday was dispensed with.

A MESSAGE FROM THE GOVERNOR.

A message was received from the Governor by Mr. WICKLIFFE, Secretary of State, announcing his approval of sundry bills which originated in the Senate.

Also, a message nominating a number of gentlemen for the office of Notary Public.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

On motion of Mr. GOODLOE, leave of absence was granted to Mr. McHenry for the remainder of the session.

COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

A message from the House of Representatives was received by Mr. LYNE, assistant clerk, informing the Senate that the House insists upon their amendment to the Senate's bill in relation to the Penitentiary.

A message was received by Mr. HUSTON, asking the appointment of a committee of Conference on the disagreement of the two Houses on said bill, and

Messrs. BRUNER, GROVER and WHITAKER were appointed the committee on the part of the Senate.

A MESSAGE FROM THE H. R.

Was received by Mr. LYNE, assistant clerk, announcing the concurrence of that House in several Senate bills and resolutions, and the passage of a number of House bills and resolutions, in which they ask the concurrence of the Senate. Also, their concurrence in the Senate's amendments to several House bills.

Mr. GLENN moved to strike out all of the bill, except the 1st section: negatived.

The bill

OFFICIAL.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING IN THE POSTOFFICE AT LOUISville, Ky., February 27th, 1863, and which, if not called for within three months, will be sent to the Department as dead letters

[Ordered to be advertised in the LOUISVILLE DEMOCRAT, *agreeable to the following section of the New Postoffice Law, as the Newspaper proved to have by Postoffice Department circulation of any daily paper published in Louisville.]*

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the list of letters remaining uncalled for in any Postoffice in any city, town or place where said newspaper shall be printed, shall ever after be published once only in the newspaper which may be deemed worthy or otherwise, which may have the largest circulation within the range of delivery of said office, to be decided by the postmaster at such office.—*New Post Office Law, passed March 2d, 1851.*

LADIES' LIST.

AND Miss Ellen
Austin Mrs K E
Allan Miss Bell

Ames Miss Iva
Armstrong Mrs Jane

BLAKE Cosena
Braland Mrs Catharin
Bell Miss Clara
Bartnell Mrs Dorcella 2
Bruce Mrs Nellie
Baker Mrs
Buchanan Mrs H H
Buchanan Mrs Henry
Beam Miss Virginia
Butler Miss Helen
Borden Miss Josephine 2
Bryan Mrs Josie
Barnett Miss J A
Banks Miss Josephine
Brooks Mrs Servatia
Blanc Miss Lizzie L
Bodine Miss Ellen
Barry Miss Mara G
Beatty Mrs Elizabeth
Baca Miss Mary C

Barry Miss Rose
Beard Miss Mary T
Bence Mrs Frankli H
Brodington Mrs Sarah
Black Mrs Martha Jane
Bell Mrs Mar ah
Baldwin Miss Mary
Boyer Mrs Mary
Burche Mrs Bobson
Bidne Miss Sallie
Baldwin Miss Mary A
Butler Mrs Martha A
Browder Mrs M E
Britten Miss Mary
Brown Miss Mirrie E
Board Miss Mollie D
Bierly Mrs Matilda
Burr Mrs Susan
Bonard Mrs L T

CHAPEL Mrs Ann
Clayton Miss Nellie
Clemerson Miss Annie
Cole Mrs A P
Clark Miss Kate
Coleman Mrs Ann Mary
Cane Miss Ann
Corcoran Mrs Catharine
Collau Kate
Clancey Mrs Kate
Colter Mrs Cynthiana
Coyle Miss K W
Conard Mrs Susan
Crosby Mrs Sarah E
Campbell Miss Fannie
Cuck Miss Sudia
Cambell Miss Susanna

Childers Mrs H H
Chance Mrs Hannah
Cockran Miss Illmes
Camell Miss Jinnie
Campbell Miss Jenetta
Cooper Miss Jiny
Chrisham Miss Imogide
Clark Mrs Maggie
Campbell Miss Mary
Clines Mrs Margarette
Chonndos Mrs M L
Collins Miss Mary
Cooper Miss Mary
Cotter Miss Mollie
Cotter Mrs Mary 2
Cook Miss Maggie

DUPUY Miss L C
Dorsey Miss Nannie M
Dorman Miss Amelia
Dugnan Mrs Amule
Davis Miss Laurie
Dean Miss Louisa
Dongsham Nell
Debaven Mrs Sarah C
Dell Miss Eddy
Davis Miss Betsey 2
Deemen Mrs Catharine

Dawson Mrs Chas
Ducheaty Mrs Ann
Dilmer Mrs Amandy
Dickens Miss Mary
Denes Mrs Mary
Devenport Mrs Martha
Davis Miss Mary Isabell
Dark Mr Martha J
Dextor Mrs Mary
Davy Mrs Micheal

ESTHER Mrs Chrine
Elliott Miss Charity

Etheridge Mrs Catharin

FORENNY Miss Mary
Fitzpatrick Miss Mary
Fleming Mrs Mary
Feelgen Mrs Mary
Fisher Miss Lougy
Frank Miss Lucy
Florence Mrs Lnella
Faxon Mrs William F
Ford Mrs Joe
Fields Mrs H B
Frederick Miss Fannie A
Furguson Mrs Sallie A

Furnace Miss Ellen
Farris Mrs Bettie
Fields Mrs Eliza 2
Flood Miss E S
Fields Mrs R H
Finley Catharine
Fitch Miss Kate
Fager Mrs A M
Finegan Miss Annie
Fee Miss Bridget
Farquar Mrs Ann

GLOVER Mrs Annie
Gallacher Mrs Mollie
Gleklna Anna
Gibbons Nau
Guillou Mrs Cordelia
Grace Miss Polly
Golding Mrs D A
George Mi s Daisy L
Goins Miss Emma
Gatewood Miss E
Griffith Emeliza
Gallbreath Mrs Eliza J

Glasscock Mrs Sarah
Gambol Miss Virginia
Godfrey Mrs Wm
Gray Mrs W J
Griffiths Miss Willett
Graham Miss Jane
Green Miss Larrer
Green Miss Lanra
Glass Miss M llie
Gotshall Miss E
Gilmore Mrs Mary J
Goff Mary

HIGGINS Mrs Jane
Head Miss Georgean
Hughes Mrs Lizzie
Harden Mrs Bettie
Hull Miss Emma
Holmes Mrs Eleanor
Hunter Mrs F M
Hopkins Rosanna
Hyatt Elliza
Harden Mrs Elizabeth E 2
Heathan Miss Dora
Homery Miss Catherine
Harden Miss Kate
Kenderman Mrs Permella
Hitt Miss Carrie B
Hoffmann Miss Annie 2
Howard Miss Anna
Howard Mrs Ann

Hyatt Mrs Alexander
Hutchison Miss Belle
Hopwood Mrs Mary
Hunter Miss Mazzie
Hollbg Miss Mastie L
Holrah Miss Mary
Hurly Miss Malinda
Hews Miss Molly
Hawkins Miss Molly
Herold Mrs Mary Bell
Hagan Mrs Martha
Harris Mrs Sarah J
Hart Miss Mattie
Higbby Mrs N F
Hanon Mr Mary
Haasted Miss Kassie B
Hensley Mrs John

JACK Mrs M H
Jones Mrs Nelly (col
Jansen Miss Nora
Jones Mrs Dr
Jones Miss Eleanor
Johnson Mrs Ellen

Johnson Mrs Rebecca
Jones Miss Susan
Johnson Mrs Joshua
Jenkins Mrs Joana
Jackson Miss Laura
Johnson Mrs Mary H

KALFUS Miss Ada
Kline Mary Agnes
Kingroy Margaret
Kreamer Miss Mollie
Kerrick Miss Sue
Kent Mrs S

Kayton Miss Lizzie
Kennedy Mrs Bridget
King Miss Elena
Kasady Miss Annie
Kittings Mrs

LUBY Miss Mary
Louis Miss Mollie
Lenone Miss Nellie
Larkins Mrs Caroline
Love Ruther
Laurie Miss Sarah
Luttrell Mrs Frank
Liggett Mrs Sallie
Long Miss Sallie

Landerson Mrs Henry J
Louis Miss Julia
Langley Mr J W
Lanham Miss Idde
Long Miss Margaret
Lynch Miss Margaret
Linsy Miss Mary
Lernis Mrs Marla
Latimer Mrs Martha D

MOORE Mary
Moreon Mianle
Moreon Martha
Monk Martha
Mitchell Mrs Maggie
Maher Mary
Mecker Mary
Mcrable Mittie
Maudry Mary
Miller Melville
Manely Mrs Mary
Monroe Miss Judy
Morris Willie
Malloy Mrs Wm T
Morrison Josephene
Mann Belle
Mata Miss Thomas
Murphy Mrs Thomas
Myrman S A U

Marshall Sarah
Munsarrat Miss Ida
May Eliza E
Montrum Sarah
Mershon Miss Emma
Murphy Ellen
Moure Eliza
Mooney Ellen
Macey Bettie
Mason Bettie
Mengum Miss
Mead Amanda
Morrison Nancy
Martin Adelia 2
Musty Augusty
Mitchell Amanda

M'DONALD Martha
M'Ewen Mary Jane
M'Kewan Mary
M'Cook Julia E
M'Donald Henrietta
M'Carty Tilue

M'Bride Ellen
M'Connell Eliza
M'Elaugh Catherine
M'Gill Catharins
M'Eleony Nan J

NILAND Mary
Nutt Mrs L M
Nickels Mrs Ellen

Nichols Miss Kate A
Norton Mrs

ORR Miss Mary

QUINLAN Mary

PRICE Mrs Margret
Prewitt Mrs Mary
Phillip Mary C
Prest Luisie L
Parker Lizzie
Pumphrey Miss Julia
Peny Mrs Wm H
Parker Hallie 2
Poole Hanah

Pembrook S M
Pemberton Sallie S
Parr Mrs Capt E
Prescott Ellenora
Pratt Capt C B
Palmore Mrs Carline
Patterson Mrs Amanda
Prentice Miss Amandal
Perry Mrs W H

RYAN Winnefried
Rise S C
Robertson Mollie J
Ryan Joe Rodey
Ray Harriet H
Rowland Gertrude
Ready Mrs T
Rhodes Mrs Samuel P

Rench Mrs T B
Rower Sopha
Rochlizabeth
Russell Edmoula
Rosser Emley
Riley Miss Lizzie
Randolph Emily E
Robertson Mrs Nellie

SMITHS

Smith Miss July
Smith Fermelia
Smith Jane
Smith Kate
Smith Alice Lue

Smith Flessa
Smith Elizabeth
Smith Mary Jane
Smith Tavina

SHEELEY Anole M
Sanford Mary
Sheedy Mary P
Shawaker Jane
Scanlon Margret
Sawyer Mary
Strange Louisa
Sheridan Lophia
Sullivan Louisa
Speaker Josephine
Smythe Belle
Stort Belle
Speare Jinnie
Sheridan Hannah
Straw Hettie
Self Miss Maria
Stuart Mrs Geo M

Sanderson Cenie
Sheridan Lizzie
Savage Ellen
Shoonker Elizabeth
Stuart Emily
Scott Elizabeth
Sittason Elizabeth
Sale Mrs E S
Sullivan Ellen 2
Shrelekey Christene
Swing Alina
Scoolcraft Miss
Shane Adelia
Singham Alice
Scamcler Ann M
Shanks Mrs

TRABUE Maria
Thompson M
Tall M E
Texter Margret
Treer Lonisa
Turpin Jane
Tull Sallie E
Tyler Sarah E

Talburi Sophia
Thorn Emily
Thorn Emma
Tayler Emma
Thompson Emma
Taylor Kettis E
Tong Miss P B

VANARSDOL A P

WORREN Hannah
Webster Mary
Weath Mary E
Williamson Margaret
Walker Mary A
Williame Mary
Whit Mary E
Whipole Mary
Wilson Mary
Watts Isabella
Wallar Jenule L
Wright Belle
Wal ace Jennie
Willis Theodosia

Worland Sne K
Wilson Eliza T
Whaley Lizzie
Wemes Eden
Watkins Eliza Jane
Wagner Sarah
Waterberry Kerey
Wadkins Situa Ann
Winfrobder Carra S
Williamson Ophelia E
Write Mrs Burton
Webber Barbara
Welch Mrs

YOUNT Adelia Ann

ZUMER Jane C

INITIALS
Mrs A C D 2

FRENCH
Bonvier Cilne
De Grove Mrs S C
Napoleon Mrs Lewesia
Tagnon Miss Elizabeth

ITALIAN
Rosa Alla Signora

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

ASHRON John
Angelgate Wm C
Armintront Wm
Anderson L D
Armstrong Venna R
Atkins P G
Allen Jeff
Absdurf J H
Albert Joseph
Anderson J W
Aldrich J N
Adams John
Arnold Henry C
Anderson Thomas
Atkinson Thomas H
Ashcraft Geo W
Arnold Frederick

Arnold Thos B 2
Auston Sidney
Adams Thos, care David Johnston
Abram Griffith
Adams P G
Abbott S D
Allen Francis
Anderson H A
Aubeebrook Chas R
Alexander C
Arnold Philip
Atkinson Chas R
Allen Archie, care of J. A. Wells
Aleslakins Barber

BROWN George
Brown H P
Brown Capt Jos
Brown John C
Brown E R
Bartholomew Milton
Bonnet Mitchell
Bloomfield M H
Bryant M F
B H W
Buchanan W T
Bird W
Barnes Lucius
Buff Lewis
Brune John
Briant James
Bodine J M
Brink John A
Burris James R
Burnett J S
Brandle Jason
Bragoe John
Bell Jackson
Batchelor J B
Bailey Dr J R
Beach Spencer
Bently Jame S
Bergen James
Bimple Henry
Balston Henry

Bradbury George
Blair Gorham
Barge a Thos J
Balingall Geo F
Beattie S W
Barber Ed H
Bullen Ed
Buckly Elijah
Baker Ed
Bruster Edmond
Bingham Ike and
Boulton Richard
Bell Richard
Bowner Ed
Berlin Robt H
Board Roht
Baird D D
Bush Chas E, care of G. H Sparks
Barkman, care Mrs Long
Berney Bryan
Bigger H J
Baby Addison M
Buell Maj Gen D C 2
Boree Martin H 2
Beach John J
Brannon & Thatcher
Bassop Mr care of Mr Gomge
Barkshill Thos

Chambers J
Calmer John E
Camp Jo
Cardwell J N
Clark Harry T
Casmell Harrison
Cox Henry
Carney Geo D
Cole Geo
Classpill Geo W
Coogle Geo
Cox Thomas
Cochran S B
Carson Theodore
Cummings Theodore F
Coopee Francis L
Coopee Samuel
Cratty Edward
Combs Bill
Cough Isadel H
Creebe Dr D M
Cook Chas B
Cool Peter B
Cremlicas Preston D
Cruson Coleman
Cline Barney
Colman Mr.
Clark A J
Cantelo Alfred
Carpenter Lieut

Donaghy Francis
Daley Eugene
Devou David
Dawart David
Douglas Charles
Dunn Patsick
Dula Maj A
Dunlo Markis
Dorsey Michel
Dick nson Wm L
Dennis Wm
Dugnon W F
Duncah W N
Dunnakey John

Elliott Robt H
Edrington R
Exley Alfred

Falconbridge Guy 2
Flannagan Thos
Falconbridge Guy
Fabes Albert B
Frankenberry Allen D
Ford K
Fowler B
Blatterly Ratt
Fowler R F
Ford C B
Forld D
Floore Daniel
Franklin David
Field R P 3
Foulard Edward
Ford Sherwood A
Fagan W W
Feele Eben
Fletcher S C
Frommell Frederick
Flemming G L
Fry Silas
Febiger G L

Falconbridge Guy 2
Fowler Thos
Farmington G W
Figg Hamilton T
Filson Josiah
Ferguson James Wm
Farris Jno
Flinn Jno P
Farmer Jno
Farrar Jno M
Fickiin James
Fugette Jno
Fraly Jos
Foiery Jurmria
Francis Wm C
Falls Wilson
Ford James M
Flinn Micheal
Fagan Micheal

GRAND Capt D
Gard Baley
Grimes B S
Galigan Patrick
Grable Cyrus
Goings Cashus
Gregory O L
Greenfield Dan
Gaules R T
Geoffery Solomon

Glover Geo M
Glendenlur Thos
Garrison Geo
Garigan James
Groomy U
Garissells James L
Gleason Jos
Greenshade Jno M
Green Wm

HILDERBRANDA J
Hamond Alexander
Hawkins Allison 2
Hamilton Alexander
Hawley, Billing & Co.
Hounch Alexander
Hurl Abraham
Hack O J
Henke B
Hutson Oliver
Hall Benjamin
Harrison Ben E
Hutson O H
Hastings Coleman
Horr H C C
Heyelton Charlie
Heine Bernard
Herritt Ch H
Holt Daniel M
Harris D J
Hildebard David
Henry Dewitt
Hodges Dan
Hawkins Richard T
Herrington Robert
Harrington E D
Horton Elijah
Honckling Spencer
Hazen Sam
Hencely Saml A
Hammel Saml
Howard Green
Hayes Thomas F
Hegan Timothy
Hill Thomas
Hawkins Henry H

Hannah Jno
Hill James
Harris Jno E
Hart Jehue
Hancock Jno S
Hamilton Jimmy
Handy Jno B
Harper James P
Higdon J H
Hutson Jno
Harlson James H
Hughes Jno H
Hockley John
Holmes James H
Hipple Wm
Holmes James H
Hughes James Thomas
Holston Jno C
Hurring Jno
Hunter Jno
Huffman Jacob
Howard James B
Holbrook Maj J C
Hart Larkin
Hiett Wm
Hardin Wm B
Hall Wilds
Hall Wm H
Huff Wm A
Hill W W
Higginson W C
Hudeson W Franklin
Hamilt n Willis 2
Hersey Montgomery
Hazzard Melvin D

Ingraham J F
Innes Robt S

IRWIN Joseph
Ingraham Jas F 2
Irvin Jas W

Johnson George
Johnson H B
Jennings F M
James R

JACOBS Mechanic
Johnson Wm H
Johnson Geo L
Johnson A J

Jones Wm
Jones Wm
Jones Wm